

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XX.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1906.

NO. 5

## PROGRAMME IS ARRANGED

### Meeting of State Officers at Waukegan Next Month

County Clerk Hendee and others who are assisting him, are fast preparing the arrangements for the 20th annual session of the State Association of Supervisors, County Commissioners and County Clerks to be held at the Schwartz Theatre, Waukegan, October 9th, 10th and 11th.

The men who are assisting Mr. Hendee are: Chairman of the county board, Alex. Robertson; supervisors W. E. Miller, W. F. Clow, John Sutherland, Miles T. Lamey and deputy clerk L. A. Hendee.

The committee has planned various features of entertainment, including auto ride or steamboat ride to Zion City, trolley ride to Fort Sheridan, theatre party at the Schwartz, reception at the Parish House, banquet and many things to numerous to mention.

City officials of Waukegan have also lent their aid in trying to entertain the visitors well for about three hundred delegates will be at the convention. It is the first time Waukegan has had the chance to entertain such a convention and citizens generally are anxious that a fitting celebration be arranged for them.

There will be many guests of prominence here, including, possibly Lieut. Gov. Sherman, Sidney Gorham, president of the Chicago and National Auto club, and John Farson of the same club and Judge Cutting of the Cook County Probate Court.

Following is shown the program for the three days' session as arranged by the committee which is planning the affair:

**TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9**  
Call to order at 10:30 a. m.  
Invocation, Rev. J. A. J. Whipple.  
Roll call of Counties.  
Presentation of credentials.  
Enrollment of delegates.  
Appointment of committee on credentials.  
Address of welcome on behalf of Lake County by Hon. Charles Whitney.  
Address of welcome on behalf of City of Waukegan, Hon. Wm. S. Bullock, Mayor.  
Response by president of the association, E. P. Robson of Galesburg, Illinois.  
Report of committee on credentials.  
**AFTERNOON SESSION**  
Appointment of standing committees 1:30  
Presentation of resolutions.  
Address—Value of Industrial Education.

### MEATS MUST NOW BE LABELED

#### Frankfurter Sausage or Westphalia Hams Made in Chicago are Prohibited.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Further rulings in connection with the enforcement of the meat inspection law after Oct. 1, have been made public by the secretary of agriculture and give an idea of what consumers are to expect hereafter when purchasing meat products, particularly canned goods. Anything favoring of a false or deceptive name will not be tolerated, and no picture, design or device which gives any false indication of origin or quality will be permitted upon any label, as for example the picture of a pig appearing on a label placed upon beef products, or the picture of a chicken upon the label of a veal or pork product.

Geographical names are allowed to be used only with the words "cut," "type," "brand" or "style," as the case may be, except upon foods produced or manufactured in the place, state, territory or country named. For instance, "Virginia ham" must be marked "Virginia style ham"; "English Brawn" must be "English style brawn"; "Westphalia ham" must be "Westphalia style ham." The word "ham" without a prefix indicating the species of animal is considered by the department to be a pork ham, but trimmings removed from the ham and used in the preparations of potted meats or sausage, or when used alone may be known as "potted ham," or "ham sausage."

Frankfurter sausage no longer can be known as such, but must be called "Frankfurter style sausage." The rules clearly define what constitutes pure lard, but prescribe that a substance composed of lard, stearin or other animal fat, and vegetable oil, may be labeled "lard compound." Among the restrictions are the following: "Picnic hams" cannot be called "hams," but may be called "picnics" or "picnic shoulders"; "Little pig sausage" may be called "little pig sausage" or "pigmy sausage"; extract of beef must be actually made from beef, and veal loaf cannot be called such unless the meat used is veal only. The same rules apply to either canned products and manufacturers are warned that the rulings do not exempt them from the enforcement of the state laws.

#### Those Heavy Japs!

And an additional jar comes with the information that Japan leads the world in the study of seismology!

Miss Miriam Beasley, city supt. of schools of Waukegan.

Address—Care of the Poor or County Houses and Outside Pauper Relief, Hon. Ernest P. Bicknell, Supt. of Bureau of Charities, Chicago, Ill.

Address—Modern Methods in the care of the Insane, Hon. Frank S. Whitman.

Discussion by members of convention.

**EVENING SESSION 8:30 P. M.**

Informal reception by his honor Wm. S. Bullock, Mayor and citizens of Waukegan at the Parish House to all members of the convention and invited guests.

**WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10**

**MORNING SESSION**

Address—How can the County Boards help the County Schools, Prof. Frank N. Gaggin, County Supt. of Schools of Lake County.

Address—Construction and Maintenance of Permanent Roads, John Farson or Sidney S. Gorham, both of Chicago.

Address—Business of Probate Courts and the Clerks, Hon. Chas. S. Cutting, probate judge of Cook County.

**AFTERNOON SESSION 1:30 P. M.**

Address—Taxation and the Revenue Laws, Hon. Lawrence Y. Sherman, Lieut. Gov. of Illinois, Macomb, Ill.

Address—Consolidation of Rural Schools, Prof. John J. Halsey, Lake Forest University.

Co-operation of the Courts with the County Boards as to Wards of the County, Judge Mack of Chicago.

Discussion by members of convention.  
Banquet at the Armory.

**THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11**

**MORNING SESSION 9:00 A. M.**

Report of committees.

Location of the 21st Annual Convention.

Election of officers.

Boat excursion on Lake Michigan or automobile ride to Zion City.

**AFTERNOON SESSION**

Trolley ride on the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad, stopping at the Naval Training Station Site and Fort Sheridan where the troops under command of Col. Pritchard will give a dress parade. Return to Waukegan where theatre entertainment will be given members of the convention and invited guests at 8:30 in the evening.

**HONORING A MODEST EDIBLE.**

Banquet at Which Only Fragrant Onion Was Served.

It is unquestionably true that the admirable vegetable known as the onion is under the ban, so to speak. Its pungent odor, regarded by many people as offensive, frequently drives its admirers to partake of it in secret and then to muzzle as far as possible its telltale aroma. The onion has served, too, as the basis for many quips and flings at the hands of the humorous paragraphers. And yet it is an extremely wholesome plant and one of high rank with the ancients, particularly the early Egyptians. For these reasons it is pleasant to note that the tabooed edible met with deserved recognition at what was termed an onion reception and banquet in an interior New York town called Union, which in this case might plausibly seem a corruption of onion. It was arranged in honor of the sixteenth anniversary of the special guests of the evening, and the onion was the center, and scenter, of attraction. The house was decorated with onion blossoms, an onion centerpiece graced the table, and the bill of fare included onions and onions only—top onions, sliced onions, stewed onions, onion salad, and fried onions. Needless to say the guests, who departed at a late hour, went away breathing many encomiums of the fragrant bulb of honor. It certainly was a great night for the onion.

**Short and to the Point.**

The captain of one of the Cunard liners is a gruff old Britisher who is on record as never having spoken a civil word to a passenger. There was surprise therefore among the first cabin travelers one morning on a trip across lately, when a New York tourist was seen to light his cigar in the companionway, and then halt the captain and exchange remarks with him. When the captain passed on the other side gathered about the fortunate and favored man. "Yes," he explained, "we really had quite a conversation. I said 'good morning, captain,' like that, and he said, 'You blankety-blank junkhead, don't you know better than to smoke in the after companionway?'"

**Noble Lineage.**

"Do you know any beef barons?" "No, but I know a mayonnaise marquis, a cucumber count and a tomato earl."

### BUSINESS MENS' ASSOCIATION

#### An Appeal to the Citizens of Antioch to Get Together

Now that the rush of the summer season's business is over and our merchants and business men have a little time to think and plan for future needs, why not devote a portion of their time in council with its citizens looking to the best interests of our village and its needs.

And to better co-operate with each other so as to work in harmony and for the best interests of all, why not organize ourselves into a working organization to promote the very best interests of our village and citizens.

If at the present time any business proposition comes up we are not in a very good position to entertain it, while if organized into a working body we could meet together at any time there was any call made upon us, or if in need of different things which would be advantageous to us as citizens and which can sometimes be secured for the asking, we would be in a position through this co-operation to take some action which no doubt would add much to the future prosperity of our village.

I have made these suggestions with no other desire other than to see our village with its surrounding attractions built up.

One of its Citizens.

**Beards as a Sign of Mourning.**  
In ancient Rome men only grew beards as a sign of mourning. In Egypt all went clean shaven, but in Assyria only the slaves and peasants shaved.

### DOG SEIZED BOY'S HEAD IN MOUTH

#### Lad's Ear Was Chewed to a Rag and Eye Torn Loose

Eddie Schoonka, a little lad living at 415 Forest Ave., Waukegan, was Saturday badly bitten by a large dog that is owned by August Hessinger, of the same street. His ear was chewed to a rag and his left eye had the lower lid torn loose. It was the narrowest kind of an escape from having his eye gouged out.

The little fellow was playing with the boy who owned the dog, when suddenly the big brute jumped on him and seized his head in its mouth. An idea of the size of the dog may be gained when it is seen that half of the boy's head was taken in its mouth.

His left ear was chewed to ribbons and left barely hanging. One tooth of the dog caught under the left eye and tore the lower lid badly, barely shaving the eye. Dr. Brown, who attended, said that it was the narrowest escape from the loss of the eye he had ever seen.

"The tooth literally shaved the eye," he said. The ear was sewed up, but is in an awful condition. Dr. Brown was immediately summoned and seeing that the boy was badly injured he took him in his automobile and sped to the hospital. There he sewed up the ear and eye.

When he left him the little fellow was resting easily, and while his wounds are serious, no dangerous effects are anticipated by the doctor. It was as narrow an escape as the boy could have and he will probably be marked for life as a result of the experience.

## TAFT FAVORS INTERVENTION

### Declares Insurgent Commanders Have Lost Control of Bands and Anarchy is Imminent

Washington, Sept. 25.—Armed intervention in Cuba is believed to be at hand, government officials here, and the day was marked by preparations of the most strenuous order to increase by every man available the already formidable fighting force of American soldiers and marines now in the war ships in Cuban waters.

Three more big battle ships will sail tomorrow for Havana and as fast as they can be put aboard ships 1,500 extra marines and 2,000 bluejackets will depart for the same city. War ships that have been retired are being put into commission hurriedly and there is more activity in the Army and Navy departments than at any time since the Spanish-American war.

The battle ships which go to Cuba at once are the Indiana and Kentucky, which left Provincetown, Mass., tonight, and the Rhode Island at Boston. The retired war ships which are being returned to commission are the Texas, recently laid up at the Norfolk, Va., navy yard, the cruiser Brooklyn and the auxiliary cruiser Prairie, now at Boston. These ships are needed as transports more than fighting craft and, consequently, their fitting out will not take long.

The cruiser Columbia, on which Secretary Root is returning to this country from Colombia, will be fitted for transportation of troops immediately on his transfer to a smaller ship at the mouth of the Potomac. It is expected that the Columbia will be available for the use of troops not later than Tuesday next.

With the 2,000 sailors and 1,500 marines ordered to Cuba today and the 1,200 marines and 3,000 soldiers already in Cuban waters, there will be a total of 7,700 men ready to invade and occupy the island when President Roosevelt gives the signal to disembark.

Five hundred marines from the Atlantic fleet will sail tomorrow on the battle ships

Indiana and Kentucky from Provincetown, Mass.; 800 or 900 marines will sail on Thursday from Boston, Norfolk and Philadelphia and the remainder will probably leave New Orleans for Havana on a Morgan Line Steamer scheduled to leave there Saturday, arrangements for transport service having been made with that company.

Orders were first issued for 1,000 marines from the various stations along the Atlantic coast to proceed to Cuba, but following dispatches from Secretary Taft indicating that he has little hope of an amicable settlement, 500 additional marines from the north Atlantic fleet were instructed to prepare for Cuban service.

The American warships which sail on Thursday will be the cruiser Brooklyn the battleship Texas and the converted cruiser Prairie. The Prairie will carry marines from Portsmouth, N. H., Boston, and Newport, R. I. On the Brooklyn and Texas will be marines from the New York navy yard, from League Island, Port Royal, S. C., Annapolis, Washington, Norfolk and Charleston. The Morgan liner will carry Pensacola and New Orleans marines.

Both naval and army officers seemed to lose all hope of a peaceful settlement of the Cuban difficulties after the receipt of dispatches announcing that Secretary Taft is much discouraged over the situation and believes that force must be used to restore peace in Cuba. Brigadier General G. F. Elliott, commandant of the Marine Corps, was in conference many times during the day with Acting Secretary Newberry of the Navy Department, and Admiral Converse, chief of the bureau of navigation. Colonel William W. Wether- spoon of the general staff of the army and several other army officers connected with the general staff were in consultation with Admiral Converse and other prominent officers in the navy department.

### WIFE HAD HER TRIBULATIONS.

Hard Time Indeed With Such an Unaccommodating Husband.

"John," asked his wife as he was beginning to dream that he had patented something and made a million, "did you lock the door?"

"Yes."

"The pantry window's open!"

"No 'taint. I shut it."

"Hurry down and turn off the gas stove. I'm almost sure Hulda forgot and left it burning when she went to bed."

"No, 's all right. I looked."

"You didn't fasten the slide screen door. Go and hook it or it'll flap all night and keep us awake."

"S all right. I hooked it."

"John Pritchard, get up quick. Don't you know that I shan't be able to go to sleep to-night unless you go and look around to see whether you haven't forgotten something? My goodness, it's a wonder you haven't driven me into nervous prostration long before this!"

### USED RUSE TO SECURE MONKEY

Animal was Unacquainted With Qualities of Opera Glass.

A professor well known in the scientific world recently hit upon a novel method of capturing a pet monkey which had escaped from the house and taken refuge in the branches of a tall tree.

He looked at the animal through a pair of opera glasses, pointing the small end at him, and then retired to a short distance, leaving the opera glasses on the ground. The imitative monkey descended from the tree, and, taking the opera glasses, gazed in a similar manner, at his master, who seemed to the deluded ape to be many yards distant.

The monkey, continuing to look, through the same end of the opera glasses, supposed his master, who was walking slowly toward him, to be still a long way off, when the professor, reaching out, secured the chain and led the victim back to his cage.

## CHARITY EVENT AT RACE TRACK

### Lake Forest People Plan a Lake County Field Day

An elaborate program of outdoor sports, including horse and automobile races, was announced Saturday for Lake County field day to be held at the Libertyville race track next Saturday under the auspices of prominent society people of Chicago, Lake Forest and the entire north shore for the benefit of a permanent summer home for sickly children.

Mrs. Arthur Meeker, Mrs. Medill McCormick and Mrs. Ogden Armour are the prime movers in the work to found a children's summer home on the banks of the Desplaines river, where in the hot weather sick and worn out city tots may have a taste of fresh air and real outdoor country life.

Until the home is completed, Mr. Armour has offered the use of one of his farm houses at Lake Forest.

General Director W. E. Skinner, who for years has managed the annual International Live Stock exhibition in Chicago, has mapped out the plans. There will be no expensive prizes. Every expense possible has been eliminated to make largest possible sums for the children. Ribbons will be given according to the Chicago horse show methods; blues to firsts, reds to seconds and yellows to thirds.

A steeplechase with gentlemen riders will be a feature under the direction of W. Vernon Booth. It will be over a mile and a half course. One mile will be on the infield over the jumps, the last half being on the flat. Among those who will ride in the Steeplechase are W. V. Booth, Frank G. Farwell, Finley Barrell, J. E. Lord, Louis Swift, J. M. Patterson and Granger

Farwell. Some of the best timber-toppers which will be shown at the Chicago Horse show October 29 to November 3 will be seen in the steeplechase. And in the races for polo ponies a number of the tanbark stars will perform on the sod.

Two races for the polo ponies are on the card, one at a quarter of a mile and the other at three furlongs. The events will be decided under the direction of Frederick McLaughlin. All the crack polo players of Chicago will enter, among them W. W. Keith, Sidney C. Love, Harry Good, J. W. Thorne, Charles Garfield King and M. J. Kirkman.

Automobile races for three classes are scheduled. This part of the program is in charge of Walter W. Keith. The races are for stock cars at a limited price of \$1,500 or under, for stock cars at a listed price of \$2,500 or over and for racing cars. Many of the exhibitors who will take part in the automobile show at the Coliseum Feb. 2 to 9 have signified their intention of entering the races. Webb Jay will drive a White Steamer, Charles A. Coey a Thomas Tornado, and Arthur G. Schmitt's fifty-horse power Clement-Bayard, the fastest in the city, will be piloted by one of the drivers. Among the amateurs who will race are W. W. Keith, who will drive his fifty-horse power Apperson, and W. V. Arthur, the former well known cyclist.

Not only is the Libertyville track one of the fastest in the country for harness horse racing, but it is especially adapted for automobiles. The banks on the turns are high and safe and the auto driver can make high speed without danger.

### BANKS AT MERCY OF YEGGMEN

#### Are Leaving Their Haunts in Chicago to Raid the Country Banks

Chicago, one time the national haven of yeggmen, and still the harbor for many of them, is about to say its annual goodby to this annual class of criminals. As a result, as soon as there is a suspicion of frost in the air, reports of safe blowing will come pouring into the newspaper offices from towns in the country where the prospects of gain are good and the police protection small.

From their holes in the west side levees, from the lodging houses of the Harrison street district, and from the hovels of the "low north side" yeggmen, burly fellows whose brute cunning is scarcely less than their brute strength, sling out to fall upon their country prey. During the summer months the bands of safe blowers have become so well organized that when once in the field they will have to spend no time in preparation. As they slip out of the safety of Chicago's bigness the bands are in perfect discipline, with a captain of absolute and unquestioned authority.

During the summer months they have rested and planned and drank—when "operating" they realize that their nerves must be steady and their muscles strong and so refrain from the use of intoxicants. Besides their natural desire to rest and have a good time during the summer, a powerful superstition against playing their trade during the heated season is prevalent among them. This idea probably originated in the fact that capture was much more likely in the summer. Now no genuine yeggman would consider it anything less than suicidal to "crack a safe" before frost comes.

The yeggman seems to be a peculiar cross between the common tramp criminal and machinist. In addition to the knowledge of mechanics which is necessary to enable them to "blow" safes, they must be possessed of great strength, and the courage to hold off the rural police until the crime is completed. Singly, this criminal is cowardly and not particularly dangerous, but when grouped into a band they will fight desperately and effectively. Besides heavy caliber revolvers, shotguns and repeating rifles are their favorite weapons. The banks of Antioch could well afford to employ a special police to co-operate with the one the village employs during the fall and early winter months. Single handed our night watchman would have very little show against these bands of dangerous criminals.

### Climatic Conditions Explained.

Since the earth is much farther from the sun when it is summer in the northern hemisphere and winter in the southern, than when the seasons are reversed, it might be supposed that the climate would be more extreme in the southern half of the earth than it is in the northern. The actual difference is made slight by the fact that the proportion of land to water is much greater in the northern hemisphere.

### DOWIE SAYS GOOD-BYE

#### First Apostle Denounces Wife at the Last Meeting He Holds

With parting shots at his enemies, fatherly advice to his followers and bitter denunciation of his wife and son, John Alexander Dowie Sunday bade farewell to his people at Zion City.

Tuesday of next week he proposes to start for Mexico. He promised to return early next summer strong and well, and build a house on Mount Carmel for Jesus, whose early return to earth to rule for a thousand years, first at Zion City and then at Jerusalem, he predicted. His listeners thronged every room and filled the stairways in Shiloh House.

Unable to stand unsupported, his features the hue of death and his small, white hands trembling, Dowie, clad in his gorgeous apostolic robes, was borne in the arms of two stalwart negroes from his room to the platform in the bay window. During his talk of half an hour, however, his voice rose at times to something of its old-time resonance.

"It may be possible," said Dowie, "that the first apostle is looking into the faces of his people for the last time, but I do not think so. When I was in Mexico and learned of the treachery hatched in Zion City, that the wife whom I had taken to my heart had maligned me, that my son had cut down my flag and turned the Zion guards against me and that the men whom I had trusted and honored had betrayed me, I wanted to die, but God willed otherwise."

"I am not a sick man. My disease is a broken heart. For twenty-five years I lived with my wife a broken hearted man. Her private life was a sham. She abused me every day. She told me I had less sense than my dogs. I forgave her a thousand times. I do not know that I shall ever see her again. The rest of my life I shall live only for the kingdom of God."

"I have been asked whether I could forgive my wife. Yes, I forgive. But can I restore her? No. The banker forgives the cashier who has robbed him, but he does not again give him the key to the strong box."

"Get all you can honestly. Save all you can and give all you can," was Dowie's precept to his auditors after he had made an appeal for financial help, to which all pledged assistance. Then he had those present repeat the precept in chorus.

After the consecration prayer in which God was asked for victory in the appeal from Judge Landis' decision, he began the hymn "God be with you till we meet again," in which sobbing women and men joined, then as he was being carried up the stairs he gave the parting, "Peace be with you."

### A Nation of Flower Lovers.

Rich and poor, the English are a nation of flower lovers, and the soil and climate of England are not backward in supplying us, on almost every acre of our soil, with floral beauties rich and varied enough to satisfy all natural needs of the mind.—Country Gentleman.



# Madame Midas

By Fergus Hume

## CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

There were present Madame Midas, Selina, McIntosh and Vandelpout, and they were all gathered round the table looking at the famous nugget. There it lay in the center of the table, a virgin mass of gold, all water-worn and polished, hollowed out like a honeycomb, and dotted over with white pebbles like currants in a plum pudding.

"I think I'll send it to Melbourne for exhibition," said Mrs. Villiers, touching the nugget very lightly with her fingers.

"Deed, mum, and 'tis worth it," replied McIntosh, whose severe face was relaxed in a grimly pleasant manner.

"What's the time?" asked Madame, rather irrelevantly.

Mr. McIntosh drew out the large silver watch, which was part and parcel of himself, and answered gravely that it was two o'clock.

"Then I'll tell you what," said Mrs. Villiers, rising, "I'll take it in with me to Ballarat and show it to Mr. Marchurst."

McIntosh drew down the corners of his mouth, for, as a rigid Presbyterian, he by no means approved of Marchurst's heretical opinions, but of course said nothing as Madame wished it.

"Can I come with you, Madame?" said Vandelpout eagerly, for he never lost an opportunity of seeing Kitty if he could help it.

"Certainly," replied Madame graciously; "we will start at once."

Vandelpout was going away to get ready, when McIntosh stopped him.

"That friend of yours is going away to the town the day," he said, touching Vandelpout lightly on the shoulder.

"What for?" asked the Frenchman carelessly.

"To see the play actors, I'm thinking," returned Archie drily. "He wants to stop all night in the town, so I've let him go, and have told him to put up at the Wattle Tree Hotel, the landlord of which is a friend of mine."

"Very kind of you, I'm sure," said Vandelpout, with a pleasant smile.

The great nugget was carefully packed in a stout wooden box by Archie, and placed in the trap by which with such caution that Madame, who was already seated in it, asked him if he was afraid she would be robbed.

"It's always best to be on the right side, mem," said Archie, handing her the reins; "we never know what may happen."

"Why, no one knows I am taking this to Ballarat to-day," said Madame, drawing on her gloves.

"Don't they?" thought M. Vandelpout, as he took his seat beside her. "She doesn't know that I've told Pierre."

And without a single thought for the woman whose confidence he was betraying, and of whose bread and salt he had partaken, Vandelpout shook the reins, and the horse started down the road in the direction of Ballarat, carrying Madame Midas and her nugget.

"You carry Caesar and his fortunes, M. Vandelpout," she said, with a smile.

"I do better," he answered gallily; "I carry Madame Midas and her luck."

## CHAPTER X.

Mr. Mark Marchurst was a very peculiar man. Brought up in the Presbyterian religion, he had early displayed his peculiarity by differing from the elders of the church he belonged to regarding their doctrine of eternal punishment. They, holding fast to the teachings of Knox and Calvin, looked upon him in horror for daring to have an opinion of his own, and as he refused to repent and have blind belief in the teachings of those grim divines, he was turned out of the bosom of the church.

On this bright afternoon, when everything was bathed in sunshine, Mr. Marchurst, instead of being outside and enjoying the beauties of nature, was mewed up in his dismal little study, with curtains closely drawn to exclude the light, a cup of strong tea, and the Bible open at "The Lamentations of Jeremiah."

He was a tall thin man, of a bleached appearance, from staying so much in the dark, and so loosely put together that when he bowed he did not so much bend as tumble down from a height. In fact, he looked so carelessly fixed up that when he sat down he made the onlooker feel quite nervous lest he should subside into a ruin, and scatter his legs, arms and head promiscuously all over the place.

He was roused from his dismal musings by the quick opening of the door of his study, when Kitty, joyous and gay in her white dress, burst like a sunbeam into the room.

"I wish, Katherine," said her father, in a severe voice, "I wish you would not enter so noisily and disturb my meditations."

"You'll have to put your meditations aside for a bit," said Kitty, disrespectfully, crowding to the window and pulling aside the curtains, "for Madame Midas and M. Vandelpout have come to see you."

A flood of golden light streamed into the dusky room, and Marchurst put his hand to his eyes for a moment, as they were dazzled by the sudden glare.

"They've got something to show you, papa," said Kitty, going back to the door; "a big nugget—such a size—such a large as your head."

Her father put his hand mechanically to his head to judge of the size, and was about to answer when Madame Midas, calm, cool and handsome, entered the room, followed by Vandelpout, carrying a wooden box containing the nugget. It was by no means light, and Vandelpout was quite thankful when he placed it on the table.

"Wonderful!" reiterated the old man, passing his thin hand lightly over the surface; "verily the Lord hath hidden great treasure in the entrails of the earth, and the Pactolus would seem to be a land of Ophir when it yields such wealth as this."

The nugget was duly admired by everyone, and then Brown and Jane, who formed

the household of Marchurst, were called in to look at it. They both expressed such astonishment and wonder that Marchurst felt himself compelled to admonish them against prizing the treasures of earth above those of heaven. Vandelpout, afraid that they were in for a sermon, beckoned quietly to Kitty, and they both stealthily left the room, while Marchurst, with Brown, Jane and Madame for an audience, and the nugget for a text, delivered a short discourse.

Kitty put on a great straw hat. Her pliant face blushed and grew pink beneath the fond gaze of her lover as they left the house together and strolled up the Black Hill.

Seated on the highest point of the hill, under the shadow of a great rock, the two lovers had a wonderful view of Ballarat. Here and there they could see the galvanized iron roofs of the houses gleaming like silver in the sunlight from amid the thick foliage of the trees with which the city was studded.

All this wonderful panorama, however, was so familiar to Kitty and her lover that they did not trouble themselves to look much at it, but the girl sat down under the big rock, and Vandelpout flung himself lazily at her feet.

"Bebe," said Vandelpout, who had given her this pet name, "how long is this sort of life going to last?"

Kitty looked down at him with a vague feeling of terror at her heart. She had never known any life but the simple one she was now leading, and could not imagine it coming to an end.

"I'm getting tired of it," said Vandelpout, lying back on the grass, and putting his hands under his head, stared idly at the blue sky. "Unfortunately, human life is so short nowadays that we cannot afford to waste a moment of it. I am not suited for a lotus-eating existence, and I think I shall go to Melbourne."

"And leave me?" cried Kitty, in dismay, never having contemplated such a thing as likely to happen.

"That depends on yourself, Bebe," said her lover, quickly rolling over and looking steadily at her, with his chin resting on his hands; "will you come with me? We will get married in Melbourne as soon as we arrive."

"Why can't papa marry us?" pouted Kitty, in an aggrieved tone.

"Because your father would never consent," he whispered, putting his arm round her waist; "we must run away quietly, and when we are married can ask his pardon and," with a sardonic sneer, "his blessing."

A delicious thrill passed through Kitty when she heard this. A real elopement; with a handsome lover—just like the heroines in the story books. It was delightful, something romantic, and yet there seemed to be something wrong about it. She was like a timid bather, longing to plunge into the water, yet hesitating through a vague fear. With a quick catching of the breath she turned to Vandelpout, and saw him with his scintillating eyes fastened on her face.

"When do you go?" asked Kitty, who was now trembling violently.

"Ah!" M. Vandelpout was puzzled what to say, as he had no very decided plan of action. He had not sufficient money saved to justify him in leaving the Pactolus—still there were always possibilities, and Fortune was fond of playing wild pranks. At the same time there was nothing tangible in view likely to make him rich, so, as these thoughts rapidly passed through his mind, he resolved to temporize.

"I can't tell you, Bebe," he said, in a hesitating tone, smoothing her curly hair.

"I want you to think over what I have said, and when I do go, perhaps in a month or so, you will be ready to come with me. No," he said, as Kitty was about to answer, "I don't want you to reply now, take time to consider, little one," and with a smile on his lips he bent over and kissed her tenderly.

They sat silently together for some time, each intent on their own thoughts, and then Vandelpout suddenly looked up.

"Will Madame stay to dinner with you, Bebe?" he asked.

"She always does; you will come, too," Vandelpout shook his head.

"I am going down to Ballarat to the Wattle Tree Hotel to see my friend Pierre," he said, in a preoccupied manner, "and will have something to eat there. Then I will come up again about eight o'clock, in time to see Madame off."

"Aren't you going back with her?" asked Kitty, in surprise, as they rose to their feet.

"No," he replied, dusting his knees with his hand, "I stay all night in Ballarat, with Madame's kind permission, to see the theater. Now, good-bye at present, Bebe," kissing her, "I will be back at eight o'clock, so you can excuse me to Madame till then."

He ran gaily down the hill, waving his hat, and Kitty stood looking after him with pride in her heart. He was a lover any girl might have been proud of.

## CHAPTER XI.

The Wattle Tree Hotel, to which Mr. McIntosh had directed Pierre, was a quiet little public house in a quiet street. It was far away from the main thoroughfares of the city and a stranger had to go up any number of quiet streets to get to it and turn and twist round corners and down narrow lanes until it became a perfect miracle how he ever found the hotel at all.

Any one going into the bar could see old Simon—a stolid, fat man with a sleepy looking face always in his shirt sleeves and wearing a white apron, sitting in a chair at the end while his daughter, a sharp, red-nosed dame, who was 35 years of age, and confessed to 22, served out the meals. Mrs. Twesby had long ago departed this life, leaving behind her the sharp, red-nosed dame to be her father's comfort. As a matter of fact, she was just the opposite, and Simon often

wished that his daughter had departed to a better world in company with her mother. Thin, tight-laced, with a shrill voice and an acridulated temper, Miss Twesby was still a spinster, and not even the fact of her being an heiress could tempt any of the Ballarat youth to lead her to the altar. Consequently Miss Twesby's temper was not a golden one, and she ruled the hotel and its inmates with a rod of iron.

Mr. Villiers was a frequent customer at the Wattle Tree, and was in the back parlour talking to old Twesby on the day that Pierre arrived. The dumb man came into the bar out of the dusty road, and, leaning over the counter, pushed a letter under Miss Twesby's nose, and although it was directed to her father, Miss Twesby, who managed everything, opened it and found it was from McIntosh, saying that the bearer, Pierre Leblanc, was to have a bed for the night, meals and whatever else he required, and that he—McIntosh—would be responsible for the money. He furthermore added that the bearer was dumb.

"Oh, so you are dumb, are you?" said Miss Twesby, folding up the letter and looking complacently at Pierre. "I wish there were a few more men the same way; then, perhaps, we'd have less chaos."

Meanwhile, Villiers having heard the name of Pierre Leblanc, and knowing he was engaged in the Pactolus claim, came round to see him and try to find out all about the nugget. Pierre was sulky at first, and sat with his old black hat drawn down so far over his eyes that only his bushy black beard was visible, but Mr. Villiers' suavity, together with the present of half a crown, had a marked effect on him. As he was dumb, Mr. Villiers somewhat perplexed how to carry on a conversation with him, but he ultimately drew forth a piece of paper, and sketched a rough presentation of a nugget thereon, which he showed to Pierre. The Frenchman, however, did not comprehend until Villiers produced a sovereign from his pocket, and pointed first to the gold and then to the drawing, upon which Pierre nodded his head and understood. Villiers then drew a picture of the Pactolus claim, and asked Pierre in French if the claim was still there, as he showed him the sketch. Pierre shook his head, and, taking the pencil in his hand, drew a rough representation of a horse and cart, and put a square box in the latter to show the nugget was on a journey.

"Hullo!" said Villiers to himself, "it's not at her own house, and she's driving somewhere with it; I wonder where to? She's got the nugget with her in the trap, and she's taken it to show Marchurst. Well, she's sure to stop there to tea, and won't start for home till about nine o'clock; it will be pretty dark by then. She'll be by herself and if I—here he stopped and looked around cautiously, and then, without another word, set off down the street at a run.

The fact was, Mr. Villiers had come to the conclusion that as his wife would not give him money willingly, the best thing to be done would be to take it by force, and accordingly he had made up his mind to rob her of the nugget that night if possible.

The afternoon wore drowsily along, and the great heat made everybody inclined to sleep. Pierre had demanded by signs to be shown his bedroom, and having been conducted thereto by a crushed-looking waiter, who drifted aimlessly before him, threw himself on the bed and went fast asleep.

Even Martha, the wide-awake, was yielding to the somniferous heat of the day, when a young man entered the bar and made her sit up with great alacrity.

This was none other than M. Vandelpout, who had come down to see Pierre. Dressed in flannel, with a blue scarf tied loosely round his waist, a blue necktie knotted loosely round his throat under the collar of his shirt, and wearing a straw hat on his fair head, he looked wonderfully cool and handsome, and as he leaned over the counter Miss Twesby thought that the hero of her novel must have stepped bodily out of the book. Gaston stared complacently at her while he pulled at his fair moustache. But he was not looking at her somewhat mature charms, but at a bunch of pale blue flowers, among which were some white blossoms she wore in the front of her dress. (To be continued.)

## Both Thought So.

In the recent brief biography of Eduard Remenyi, the great Hungarian violinist is pictured as a genius who saw things from the humorous point of view. One afternoon at Fort Collins, Colorado, where he was to play that night, Remenyi was sitting on the piazza of his hotel, when he was approached by a big, burly negro porter, "What do you do in the show?" asked the porter.

"I am the end man," replied Remenyi.

"I thought so! Have you got some influence with the boss of the show?" "I think I have a little."

"I thought so! Could you get some tickets for me and my old woman?" "Maybe I could."

"I thought so! Try hard!" "I will try mighty hard."

A little later Remenyi's manager gave the man two passes, which he received with his stock ejaculation, "I thought so!" He accompanied them to the opera house in the evening, and Remenyi gave him his violin case to carry.

"Who plays this fiddle?" he asked. "The end-man," replied Remenyi. "I thought so!"

After the concert the porter was in the lobby, waiting for the violinist and the manager with a very long face. Remenyi again gave him the violin case, and as they walked along he was heard to mutter. At last he said aloud: "You bet you fooled me!"

"I thought so!" said Remenyi, with dancing eyes.

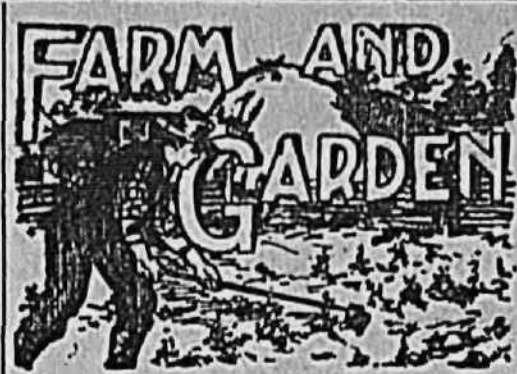
## High Art.

Mrs. Neulich—Show me something in what they call high art.

Dealer—Well, here is a picture on that order. The price is \$250.

Mrs. Neulich—Oh, that isn't near high enough. I want something for about \$5,000.

There will come a thrilling time for those who sow wild oats.



## Permanent Trellis of Wire.

The scarcity of bean poles forces me to resort to other means of giving support to my lima beans, says a gardener in Farm and Fireside. At one time I thought we could get around the difficulty by planting the newer bush limas. The latter however have never given me more than a fraction of the crop that I can and do get from my "pole" limas, and now I plant the latter exclusively. They are trained to a post, wire and string trellis.

Posts should be set firmly, and not too far apart. I use galvanized wire of fair strength and find it good for a number of years. It has to stand quite a strain, as the load of thrifty vines is very heavy, and I, therefore, give as much support, by supplementary stakes (between the posts), as is convenient. The wires are made to rest in a crotch at the upper end of the pole or stake. To make the trellis still stronger, I



LIMA BEAN TRELLIS.

now put several rows side by side, and connect the posts and stakes across the rows by cross strips fastened high enough to allow the horse in cultivating to pass under it.

For each row I stretch two wires, one about six inches above the ground surface, the other about five feet from the ground. Common binder twine is wound zigzag around the two wires. It makes a useful and quite ornamental support for the limas, and the vines take readily, particularly and remarkably so, to the strings, even without much assistance or coaxing on the part of the grower.

## Superiority of the Mule.

The mule is less nervous than the horse and therefore loses less energy in useless fretting. In fact, one of the chief characteristics of the mule is his ability to take care of himself under all circumstances, says Farming. Much of the apparent shirking which is charged against the mule is an inborn tendency to husband his strength and make every effort count. The result of this instinctive care on the part of the mule is that he is able to turn out more work than would be possible for a horse of the same weight under the same conditions. The mule instinctively avoids holes, sharp obstacles, barbed wire fences and various other forms of danger which are not so successfully avoided by horses. It is a matter of common observation that in instances where mules run away they seldom injure themselves to any serious extent.

## Value of a Silo.

It is very important to provide some means by which the dairy cow can be supplied with good food at all seasons of the year in order that she may yield milk most economically. Such medium may be found in the silo which furnishes a place for the storing of food in the form of silage. It is a well-known fact that the nearest an ideal food that can be obtained for the dairy cow is good pasture; but for several months in the year green pasture is not available. At such times the best substitute are corn silage and such roots as mangels and turnips. Corn yields an average of twice as much dry matter per acre as root crops; and since the latter involve much more labor, and greater expense, silage is far more economical.

## Home-Made Corn Shelter.

This is a cheap way to make a good corn shelter. Get a poplar plank six inches wide, one inch thick and three



THE HOME-MADE CORN SHELTER.

feet long. Dress the plank smooth; drive some 8-penny nails into the plank to within one inch of the heads; put them one-half inch apart in rows in a square six inches each way.

## Fumigation to Protect Orchards.

In Germany some interesting experiments have recently been made in the protection of orchard trees against night frosts by means of fumigation. A part of an orchard in bloom was thus successfully guarded against an April frost by the dense smoke of naphthalene. But the experiment was very expensive, fifty kilograms of naphthalene being consumed by seven flames in one hour. Later a new preparation of chemicals was tried, producing a comparatively large volume of smoke with the

expenditure of only two kilograms of the material per hour. These trials are under the direction of an experimental gardening association.

## Winter Wheat.

The importance of the winter wheat crop becomes more apparent when we consider that the annual production of the country is from 100,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels greater than the annual yield of spring wheat, and that about twenty-four states and territories grow winter wheat exclusively, while only eleven grow spring wheat, and eight produce both crops together. Some of the advantages in growing winter wheat over raising spring wheat are a more convenient distribution of farm work; the conservation of soil fertility by the growing crop during the time the land would otherwise be bare; a better development of the crop, as it generally matures before the dry and hot weather of summer, and the production usually of heavier yields. The average yields per acre in the states growing winter wheat only are not generally as large as in the states producing spring wheat exclusively, but the better yields, as a rule, in the regions where both crops are grown are obtained from winter wheat.—American Cultivator.

## Bees and Smoking.

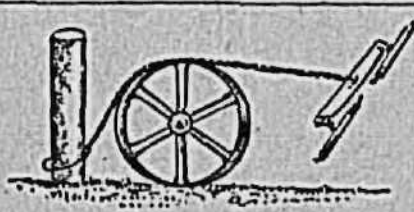
Many times bees are smoked more than is necessary; perhaps, because not every one knows that during a nectar flow some honey is lost every time a hive is opened, says Farming. When bees are smoked they all themselves with honey and if so much smoke is used that most of the bees in the hive at that time take honey, it will be more than an hour before it is redeposited into the cells and the regular work resumed. Bees sometimes gather honey enough to make a pound of honey an hour, so one can see that it would be quite a loss if every colony in a fair sized apiary were smoked enough to interrupt the work for one hour.

## Setting Fence Posts.

Some farmers argue that it is best to set posts early in the fall, when the ground is solid. Of course, a post carefully set at any time will remain in its place, but the fall season is really a much worse time than in the spring. Digging the hole makes the soil loose, and if done in the fall it has not time to become compact again. Water filters down through the loose soil, which will raise the post a little every year until it throws it out altogether. If the soil has time to settle it absorbs less moisture, and after the first year, if the heating out has not already begun, it will rarely begin.

## Pulling Old Fence Posts.

Fasten chain to post close to the ground, pass it over the wheel of an



POST-PULLING DEVICE.

ordinary corn planter, hitch team to chain and go ahead. It don't damage the wheel and the broad tire keeps it from sinking into the ground.

## To Ripen Cream.

Cream left to itself will become sour spontaneously. This is the result of the growth of lactic acid bacteria, which feed upon the milk sugar, and as a final process convert it into a lactic acid. Other forms of bacteria are always present in cream; some have little or no effect in the ripening process, while others, if allowed to develop, produce undesirable and often obnoxious flavors. To cultivate and develop these "wild" germs is called "spontaneous" ripening, and is often attended with uncertainty. Good butter making demands the use of a "starter," either home-made or a pure culture. The former should be made of selected skim milk.

## Keeping Hogs Clean.

To give the pigs a thorough scrubbing may appear to be labor thrown away, but if two lots of pigs are treated alike in every respect, except that one lot receives a thorough scrubbing with soapuds once in a while, there will be a marked difference in favor of the hogs that are washed when the time for slaughter arrives. A clean bed of straw with a dry house, so as to afford them comfort at night, will also promote thrift and growth. The hog is naturally a cleanly animal and enjoys a bath. If considered a filthy animal, that devours filthy food, it is because of the treatment given. Hogs will select clean and wholesome food if given the opportunity to do so.

## Arabian Mares.

For the first time the Sultan of Turkey has granted permission for the exportation of Arabian mares to the United States. About twenty years ago he permitted the sale of some stallions, but at that time he would not allow any mares to be sent. The present importation, which includes about twenty mares and nearly as many stallions, is regarded as of considerable importance from the horse-breeders' point of view, and as likely to lead to marked improvement in certain directions in American horses.

## Anthrax and Earth Worms.

From recent experiments it is certain that earth worms are responsible for conveying the spores and anthrax from various buried carcasses to the surface of the earth and thus bringing about a reinfection. This process of reinfection was urged by M. Louis Pasteur, but without success.

## Pattern Department

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

### Little Lingerie Frock.

Here is a charming French frock of pale blue chambray that is very effective. The skirt is short, the fullness laid in side plaits which turn back from the center forming a wide box plait at the front. This forms a continuous line with the front plastron of the blouse, at each side of which are backward turning plaits. The bertha, falling gracefully over the shoulders, is cut in one piece with the plastron, and is daintily trimmed with medallions and insertion and an edging of narrow lace. The round yoke and short sleeves are cool and pretty for summer wear, but if preferred, cuffs and chemisette



PATTERN NO. 1522.

of lace or embroidery can be used. These little tub gowns, which can be kept always fresh and clean, are quite the best for summer wear.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.

No. 1522.

SIZE .....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

### Model for Princess Skirt.

It is surprising how what seemed at first to be only a passing fancy in the season's styles, like the princess skirt, should settle down into an accepted popularity as the season advances. Women are no longer shy about undertaking to make a skirt after this design, and it is really very simple. If cut on the right lines and carefully put together it is sure to be satisfactory, and is becoming to all figures. This is



PATTERN NO. 1500.

one of the newest models and very attractive. It is fitted in about the waist and hips by tucks extending all the way round the skirt, and below these tucks the fullness flares out in graceful folds at the bottom of the skirt. This may be cut either in walking length or with a light sweep, and is a charming design for linens, poplinette, voile, silk or cotton goods. The pattern is cut in sizes from 22 to 30 inches waist measure.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly.

Order Coupon.

No. 1500.

SIZE .....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

### All Over the World.

The University of Oxford prints books in 150 different languages.

The King of England's gold and silver plate is valued at \$10,000,000.

Irrigation is said to be lowering the temperature of Egypt appreciably.

We sell the Chinese about \$5,000,000 a year more than we buy from them.

Herr Botta, a German lawyer, has left \$10,000 for the foundation of a school of cookery.



## PERUNA PRAISED.



MRS. ESTHER M. MILNER.

Box 321, DeGraff, Ohio.  
Dear Sir:

I was a terrible sufferer from pelvic weakness and had headache continuously. I was not able to do my housework for myself and husband. I wrote you and described my condition as nearly as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles of it and was completely cured. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine and have recommended it to my friends with the very best of results.

Esther M. Milner.  
Very few of the great multitude of women who have been relieved of some pelvic disease or weakness by Peruna ever consent to give a testimonial to be read by the public.

There are, however, a few courageous, self-sacrificing women who will for the sake of their suffering sisters allow their cures to be published.

Mrs. Milner is one of these. In her gratitude for her restoration to health she is willing that the women of the whole world should know it. A chronic invalid brought back to health is no small matter. Words are inadequate to express complete gratitude.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price.

To Shoe Dealers: W. L. Douglas's Jobbing House is the only one in the country that has a complete line of shoes for catalog.



SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES.  
Men's Shoes, \$5 to \$10.00. Boys' Shoes, \$3 to \$5.00. Women's Shoes, \$4.00 to \$10.00. Misses' & Children's Shoes, \$2.50 to \$5.00. Try W. L. Douglas Women's, Misses' and Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take no substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear trassy. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles. W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 14, Brockton, Mass.

## THE BEST COUGH CURE

No cough is too trifling or too serious to be treated by the right method, and the right method is the use of the best cough cure, which is

**Kemp's Balsam**

This famous preparation cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip and consumption in its first stages. Irritation of the throat and bronchial tubes is immediately removed by the use of Kemp's Balsam.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

**90,000,000 BUSHEL**

**FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE**  
That's the WHEAT CROP IN Western Canada This Year

This with nearly 90,000,000 Bushels of Oats and 17,000,000 Bushels of Barley means a continuation of good times for the farmers of Western Canada.

**Free Farms—Big Crops**

Low Taxes, Healthy Climate, Good Churches and Schools, Splendid Railway Service

The Canadian Government offers 160 acres of land FREE to every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations. Advice and information may be obtained free from W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or J. V. Brown, Room 430, Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill. Authorities in Government Agents. Please say where you saw this advertisement.

**MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.**  
A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething, Worms, and all the ailments of Infants. They break up Colic and all the troubles of Infants. Sample mailed FREE. Address: A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

**YOUR LODGE EMBLEM**  
PIN OR BUTTON. 25c. BY MAIL. Send for it. Write to: A. KLEMMER MFG. CO. 814 AVENUE, N. Y.



## WASHINGTON GOSSIP

In a letter to Public Printer Stillings, directing that changes in spelling advocated by the simplified spelling board be observed in all publications of the Executive Department, President Roosevelt says that criticism of this step is evidently made in ignorance of what is proposed. He asserts that there is no intention of doing anything revolutionary, and that the purpose is for the government, "instead of tagging behind popular sentiment, to advance abreast of it, and at the same time abreast of the views of the ablest and most practical educators of our time, as well as of the profound scholars, men of the stamp of Prof. Lounsbury and Prof. Skeat." He explains, further, "that if these changes in the spelling of 300 words do not ultimately meet with popular approval, they will be dropped, and that there is all there is about it." After quoting several examples in word shortening in popular use, he declares that this reform is not an attack on the language of Shakespeare and Milton, is not an attempt to do anything far-reaching, sudden or violent, but is an attempt "to cast what slight weight can properly be cast on the side of the popular forces which are endeavoring to make our spelling a little less foolish and fantastic."

We have stopped the importation of the little Greek boys who have been coming to this country in thousands in recent years, says Commissioner of Immigration Sargent. "Practically all the large cities have scores of boot-black establishments filled with bright-eyed Greek lads of from 12 to 18 years. These were all brought over here by a European syndicate. But we have broken up the business. We reject these lads now on the ground that they are under age, unaccompanied by their parents and liable to become public charges through sickness or other ailments. We satisfied ourselves that the boys were coming here for the purpose of opening bootblack shops, and not to go to school and secure educations. It was not desirable to increase the population with this class of material, and we shut down on them. We were also satisfied that the boys were under the control of some kind of organization or syndicate, for as soon as we began to reject them the tide of immigration suddenly stopped."

Eleven head of Galloway cattle from Missouri have been sent to Alaska by the government to begin an experiment in stock-raising in that northern district. They will be kept near Cook Inlet, to the northward of which for two hundred miles lies the Sustina Valley. The valley is nearly as broad as it is long, and is covered with rich grasses, redtop and bluestem, which grow luxuriantly in summer. Salt-grass and bunch-grass, which is an excellent winter food, also are abundant. There are already some Jersey cattle for dairy purposes at Kenai, but they require too much care to be of use for general stock-raising. The Galloways will be crossed with famous butter-making strains, in the hope of producing a hardy breed which can withstand the Alaskan climate and develop a profitable industry.

A more attractive kind of Liberty is to greet new comers to the shores of the United States. Barthold's statue in New York harbor is to be cleaned, repainted and properly lighted. Parts of the foundations have never been more than temporary. Iron doors to the pedestal will now be substituted for the old wooden ones, and iron stairs will replace the present wooden structure. The statue is to be repainted, and a more suitable light will replace the present melancholy glow-worm effect in the torch. The sculptor's design called for a torch the light of which should be a great flaring blaze of gas; but that was regarded as too expensive, and electricity was substituted. The result has never been impressive or satisfactory.

A statement made by Postmaster General Cortelyou defines the administration's attitude toward the organization of postal employees. Attention is called to the paragraph of his annual report pointing out that organizations must have for their object improvements in the service or fraternal benefits in order to be approved, and also reminding employees of their supreme allegiance to the government.

During August the Treasury receipts were \$59,007,590, which is an increase of \$8,577,104 for the corresponding month of last year. At the same time the expenditures show a decline. At the end of August the deficit was \$5,355,722, as compared with \$18,515,724 at the same time last year.

"Bad roads, no mail," is the rule the government has adopted for the rural free delivery service. Local authorities must keep the ways in passable condition if they are to benefit by the rural delivery, and so it comes about that this branch of the postal service is not only an agent of communication which brings farm lands nearer the center, but a direct incentive to road building, and hence to general improvement and prosperity.

## DOCTOR DESPAIRED

Anemic Woman Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Recommends the Pills to All Others Who Suffer.

Anemia is just the doctor's name for bloodlessness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure anemia as food cures hunger. They cured Mrs. Thomas J. McGann, of 17 Lincoln Place, Plainfield, N. J., who says:

"In the spring of 1903 I did my usual house cleaning and soon afterward I began to have the most terrible headaches. My heart would beat so irregularly that it was painful and there came a morning when I could not get up. My doctor said I had anemia and he was surprised that I had continued to live in the condition I was in. I was confined to my bed for nearly two months, the doctor coming every day for the first few weeks, but I did not improve to amount to anything. Altogether I was sick for nearly two years. I was as weak as a rag, had headaches, irregular heart beats, loss of appetite, cramps in the limbs and was unable to get a good night's sleep. My legs and feet were so swollen that I feared they would burst."

"Before very long after I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I felt a change for the better. I have taken about twelve boxes and although I was as near the grave as could be, I now feel as if I had a new lease of life. I have no more headaches, the heart beats regularly, my cheeks are pink and I feel ten years younger. I feel that I have been cured very cheaply and I have recommended the pills to lots of my friends."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

## Not Superstitious

"Buck" Kilgore, of Texas, who once kicked open the door of the House of Representatives when Speaker Reed had all doors locked to prevent the minority from leaving the floor and thus escape a vote, was noted for his indifference to forms and rules. Speaker Reed, annoyed by members bringing lighted cigars upon the floor of the House just before opening time, had signs conspicuously posted as follows:

"No smoking on the floor of the House."

One day just before convening the House his eagle eye detected Kilgore nonchalantly puffing away at a fat cigar. Calling a page, he told him to give his compliments to the gentleman from Texas and ask him if he had not seen the signs. After a while the page returned and seated himself without reporting to the Speaker, and Mr. Reed was irritated to see the gentleman from Texas continue his smoke. With a frown he summoned the page and asked:

"Did you tell the gentleman from Texas what I said?"

"I did," replied the page.

"What did he say?" asked Reed.

"Well," stammered the page, "he said to give his compliments to you and tell you he did not believe in signs."

## Clocks.

The invention of clocks is by no means a modern one. Clocks which were run by weights were used by the Saracens at the time of the Crusades, and some authorities state that they were invented by Ptolemy as early as the ninth century.

In the works of Dante are references to machines which struck the hours, and clocks must have been used in Italy about the end of the thirteenth century. The oldest clock of which there is any certain record was erected in a tower in the palace of Charles V. of France in 1364.

## Its Long Reach.

Mr. Jagway, who had let himself in by means of his latchkey and was stumbling over the furniture in the hallway, called to his wife.

"Don't be scared, m' dear," he said. "It's me."

"Oh, I know it's you, Ebenezer," answered Mrs. Jagway, from her room on the floor above. "I can recognize you by your breath."

## THE WAY OUT.

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health.

"From infancy," she says, "I have not been strong. Being ambitious to learn at any cost I finally got to the High School, but soon had to abandon my studies on account of nervous prostration and hysteria."

"My food did not agree with me, I grew thin and despondent. I could not enjoy the simplest social affair, for I suffered constantly from nervousness in spite of all sorts of medicines."

"This wretched condition continued until I was twenty-five, when I became interested in the letters of those who had cases like mine and who were being cured by eating Grape-Nuts."

"I had little faith but procured a box and after the first dish I experienced a peculiar satisfied feeling that I had never gained from any ordinary food. I slept and rested better that night and in a few days began to grow stronger. I had a new feeling of peace and restfulness. In a few weeks, to my great joy, the headaches and nervousness left me and life became bright and hopeful. I resumed my studies and later taught ten months with ease—of course using Grape-Nuts every day. It is now four years since I began to use Grape-Nuts, I am the mistress of a happy home and the old weakness has never returned." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Well-being," in page.

## Discouraged.

The Puritan rejected the church organ as an instrument favoring of popery, and a precursor set the music for the service. Hymn-books being scarce in the early New England days, hymns were read line by line by this official, and the congregation sang each line as it was read. The effect was one of mournful monotony and horrible droning. That the precursor had troubles of his own is revealed in the quaint records of Judge Sewall.

Without the aid of notes or instrument to guide and steady, the congregation would often get off one tune and sing another. The judge, who was a precursor of long and worthy standing, makes these entries in his diary:

"In the morn I set York tune, and, in the second going over, the gallery carried it into St. David's, which discouraged me very much."

"I set Windsor tune, but the congregation ran over into Oxford, do what I would."

"I set York tune, and the congregation went out of it into St. David's in the second going over. They did the same three weeks before. It seems to me an intimation for me to resign the precursor's place. I have through the divine favor done it for twenty-four years. The Lord humble me and instruct me that I should be the occasion of any interruption in the worship of God."

## DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA.

Brushed Scales from Face Like Powder—Worse Under Physicians—Cuticura Works Wonders.

"I suffered with eczema six months. I had tried three doctors, but did not get any better. It was on my body and on my feet so thick that I could hardly put a pin on me without touching eczema. My face was covered, my eyebrows came out, and then it got in my eye. I then went to another doctor. He asked me what I was taking for it, and I told him Cuticura. He said that was a very good thing, but that he thought my face would be marked for life. But Cuticura did its work, and my face is now just as clear as it ever was. I told all my friends about my remarkable cure. I feel so thankful I want everybody far and wide to know what Cuticura can do. It is a sure cure for eczema. Mrs. Emma White, 641 Cherrier Place, Camden, N. J., April 25, 1905."

## No Attraction.

"We are now," said the passenger in the dripping oilskins, "about to round Cape Horn. Don't you want to come out and see it?"

"I should say not," answered the passenger with the novel. "You made me go and look at Sandy Hook, and it wasn't a hook at all. You can't fool me a second time."

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The peat bogs of Ireland could give an annual output of 100,000 electric horsepower for the next 1,250 years.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Remedy for Children. Soothes the throat, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough. 25 cents a bottle.

## Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.



Mrs. Chester Curry

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the abdominal region, and between the shoulders; bearing-down pains, nervous dyspepsia and almost continually cross and snappy?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women can testify to this fact.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's ills.

**Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.**  
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE  
**Castorol**  
CANDY CATHARTIC  
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP  
All Druggists  
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

**Watch Webster Boom** It is situated on new line of O. & N. R. R. 1/2 mile from Webster, Mo. It is a fine building, midway between Plattville and Logan; bargains in town and farm property. Write for particulars; will pay cash or purchase. McComb Land Co., Webster, Mo.

**HELP WANTED** PIANO TUNERS make \$5 to \$10 a day. No experience necessary. J. L. HOFFMAN, Box 470, Toledo, Ohio.

**Thompson's Eye Water** It afflicts with sore eyes, use



## What Joy They Bring To Every Home

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.



# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY  
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Czar would not have made much by swapping jobs with President Roosevelt after all.

Senator Dick ought to come out now and tell how Mr. Burton helped him in his campaign.

It is a curious fact that when the police break up a spiritualist seance, they never seem to strike a happy medium.

To the unpredjudiced outsider Mr. Bryan seems to be making a noise very much like a traction engine on an up-grade.

It is a little curious that Alice Roosevelt should have been mobbed in Canton. But it was Canton, Ohio and not Canton, China.

With fifty-seven varieties of trouble breaking loose in Hawanna today, Cuba has every reason to advertise herself as the Pickle Republic.

One of the things interesting Mr. Charles Stillings now is whether the President intends to revise the spelling of the Public Printer's surname.

Cuba may decide that discretion is the better part of valor when she finds that Secretary Taft is going to sit on the lid of her tempest in a tea pot.

Mr. Cortelyou may decide that if he has to mix up in a New York political campaign before he is eligible for the Presidency that the office comes rather too high for a man of normally peaceful instinct.

All reports of trouble to the contrary notwithstanding, it is safe to say that this country is not going to actively intervene in Cuba unless it has to. The foreign press, especially that of France, has ticketed the revolution as an annexation movement. This is probably quite true, but the President's move in sending Secretaries Taft and Bacon to investigate the facts on the spot has uncovered a state of affairs that will tend to make for Cuban peace without the need of annexation by this country. It seems that President Palma, and those associated with him, have been doing the usual thing in making the job of government pay a good deal more than the officially announced salary. This is a deplorable state of affairs it is true, but it is one that has to be reckoned with in most Latin-American administrations, and it is merely a coarser form of graft from which this country is not altogether exempt. Our municipal and national officers may sometimes take what they find laying around loose, but in Cuba, and other South American countries, as in various parts of China, the "public office is a private snap," and the office-holders believe most innocently that it is to be worked for all it is worth. Now that the President has sent his accredited agents to Havana, President Palma has suddenly decided that of the two evils it would be the lesser one to compromise with the insurgents, than to have his administration thoroughly investigated. Advice, real advice this time, have been sent to the commanders in the field to suspend all hostilities and if possible, to come to an agreement with the rebels even though this should necessitate a resignation of the President and his Cabinet, and re-holding of the majority of the elections. This country has had trouble enough in the Philippines without wanting to take up the "White Man's Burden" in Cuba. It would help a great many American interests if we had free trade with Cuba, or even as free trade as we have now with Porto Rico, but this country does not want Cuba, and it did not evacuate the island with the intention of going back and resuming control at the earliest opportunity. There is an abundant naval force within easy reach to quench any sort of a revolution and take over Cuba, soul and body, if we so desired. There are seven warships either in or close to Cuban waters, and it would be a matter of twenty-four hours to land 4,000 men on the island, but this government will not even exercise its police rights, granted by the Platt amendment, except in case of last resort, and President Palma's skeletons will be safe in the family closet, so far as this government is concerned, for a long time to come. Cuba will be given all the chance she wants to settle her internal differences without our help, and if the United States is forced to land troops there, every one may be well assured that it will be done reluctantly and because there is no other way out of the difficulty.

No one would buy a sail boat with sails that could not be reefed. There is always that possibility of a little too much wind that makes a cautious man afraid to go unprovided. The thinking man, whose stomach sometimes goes back on him, provides for his stomach by keeping a bottle of Kodol For Dyspepsia within reach. Kodol digests what you eat and restores the stomach to the condition to properly perform its functions. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

PUBLISHED BY  
Lake County Title and Trust Co.  
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.  
NATIONAL TRUST BUILDING,  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.  
LOUIS J. GURNEE, Secretary.

Ella Krueger and hus to E A Ficke lots 1 2 and 3 Clark's Prospect Park sub Lake Zurich w d \$ 100 00

A C Frost and wf to Ella M Herring lots 9 10 11 blk 3 and lots 33 and 36 blk 16 Winthrop Harbor q c 90 00

Emma A Howard and hus to Matthias Benner lot 9 blk 1 Howard Park in sec 3 Grant twp w d 1250 00

J W Thompson and wf to E J Nally easterly half lot 4 blk 38 Highland Park q c 1 00

C E Raymond and wf to E J Nally easterly half lot 4 blk 38 Highland Park w d 1000 00

F P Crandon and wf to Jacob Kosir lot 8 blk 17 Washburn Springs w d 250 00

J P Pillifant and wf to John R Fulton tract of land on s side of Washington St near w line of city limits Waukegan w d 8000 00

Mrs Lucy Wright to Johanne M Sherman part blk 3 Grayslake w d 800 00

C E Saylor and wf to G Ptasanski lot 22 blk 13 Dreyer's sub North Chicago w d 170 00

Estate of A C Bangs (dec'd) to Grace E Rose lot 10 and part lot 9 blk 6 Wauconda q c 1 00

G J & B P Wegener to Frank Steinsdorfer 2 lots in village of Volo w d 750 00

Agnes C Hale and hus to Chas Christian lot 17 blk 42 Washburn Park w d 62 50

H R Hale and wf to Chas Christian lot 16 blk 42 Washburn Park w d 62 50

James Pasely to M J Kalowsky w 100 ft lots 15 and 16 blk 15 Washburn Springs w d 1 00

A C Blodgett to J P Hull part of e half lot 2 Gray's add Waukegan q c 1 00

F P Crandon and wf to James Pasely lots 15 and 16 blk 15 Washburn Springs w d 300 00

Alice W Anderson to Mary W Anderson lot 16 blk 236 North Chicago w d 1 00

C E Smith and wf to Frank Petkovsek lot 30 blk 2 Dreyer's sub North Chicago w d 1055 00

Mary E O'Brien to Richard Kennedy w 54 ft lot 4 sub of lot 49 Miller's sub Lake Forest w d 5000 00

John R Fulton sub 66 lots on s side Washington St Waukegan to be known as 1st addition to Washington Park

T H Hulbert to W H Johnson lot 256 Lake Forest wd 1 00

C P Curtis to A F McKeown undivided 1/4 60 acres in n e 1/4 sec 1 Libertyville twp w d 1500 00

Henry Vickerman and wf to Anna H Good 20 acres in s part sec 30 Shields twp w d 1 00

## Cured Hemorrhages of the Lungs.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorrhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar and my lungs are now as sound as a bell. I recommend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." Sold by J. H. Swan.

If all dyspepsia sufferers knew what Dr. Shoop's Restorative would do for them, dyspepsia would practically be a disease of the past. Dr. Shoop's Restorative reaches stomach troubles by its direct tonic action upon the inside nerves—the true stomach nerves. Stomach distress or weakness, fullness, bloating, belching, etc. Call for the Restorative. We recommend and sell Dr. Shoop's Restorative. All dealers.

## Illinois Central R. R.

practically  
TWO CENTS A MILE  
instead of six to  
VICKSBURG, MISS.,  
AND RETURN

The special services and what it means to the veterans of the past Civil War and their children, have been considered worthy of more than ordinary attention by the railroads of the country, and, at this time, in connection with the

## DEDICATION Illinois Monuments,

National Military Park, October 26, the Illinois Central Railroad will sell tickets from all stations in Illinois, and from St. Louis, Mo., to Vicksburg, Miss., and return at

Very Low Rates, October 24-25, with fifteen (15) day return limit.

## SIDE TRIPS

to any point on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad, A. & V. R. R. and V. S. & P. R. R. may be arranged for at Vicksburg on the basis of one fare plus 25c for the round trip. For instance, \$7.00 to New Orleans and return, from Vicksburg, with the privilege of making the return trip from New Orleans to Chicago direct via the Illinois Central if preferred. Dates of sale of side trip tickets October 27-28 with return limit November 7. Full particulars concerning all of the above rates and leaving time from your particular station or nearest Illinois Central point, can be had of agent of Illinois Central or by addressing the undersigned.

E. B. HATCH,  
General Passenger Agent,  
Chicago, Ill.

## THE CHILD'S POINT OF VIEW.

Good Reason Why Little Ones Did Not Want to Be a Fish.

The late Henry N. Pillsbury, the chess player, was fond of children and delighted in incidents that illustrated the originality of the child mind. At the Mercantile library, the haunt of Philadelphia's chess players, Mr. Pillsbury said one day:

"I cultivate children because they teach me new ways of looking at things. They give me new points of view."

"I showed a little girl an aquarium of Japanese goldfish the other day."

"How would you like to be a little fish?" said I.

"Not much," said the little girl.

"Why not?" I asked.

"Because," she said, 'if you were a little fish your mamma wouldn't have any lap.'"

Rheumatism is not incurable. Stubborn? Yes! But Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy will if faithfully used drive it out of the system. It's the blood that's at fault. Poisonous crystals like sand get into the joints and muscles. Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy prevents this. It drives rheumatism from the blood and then rheumatism dies. We recommend and sell it. Sold by all dealers.

## Lack of Arms No Handicap.

New Zealand possess a postmaster who, for all practical purposes, is armless. Owing to a deformity which renders his hands useless he is obliged to do all the clerical work of his office with his feet. His name is Ernest C. Moon. He uses an indelible pencil in his official work, with which he writes clearly and legibly. He makes out money orders, postal notes, and the periodical official statements by using his feet. In the same way he applies the date stamps to letters with wonderful rapidity. Moon can also use a hammer, saw and other carpenter's tools with his feet.

A bath cleanses the skin and rids the pores of refuse. A bath makes for better fellowship and citizenship. Not only should the outside of the body be cleansed, but occasional use of laxative or cathartic opens the bowels and clears the system of effete matter. Best for this are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Pleasant little pills that do not gripe or sicken. Sold by J. H. Swan

## The Romantic Thames.

Among the great commercial streams of these islands the Thames is the only one open to romantic feeling, from the fact that the sight of human labor and the sounds of human industry do not come down its shores to the very sea, destroying the suggestion of mysterious vastness caused by the configuration of the shore.—London Magazine.

## Well Worth Trying.

W. H. Brown, the popular pension attorney, of Pittsfield, Vt., says: "Next to a pension, the best thing to get is Dr. King's New Life Pills." He writes, "they keep my family in splendid health." Quick cure for headache, constipation and biliousness. 25c. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store.

## Poor Nourishment in Grass.

Horses, under natural conditions, sleep much less than men and spend far more time every day in eating. There is little nourishment in grass, in proportion to its bulk, and the horse is forced to give so much time to eating that it would be ruinous to human industry if like conditions existed among men.

## "Diluted Foods."

Poisonous acids used in preserving foods is the direct cause of so much stomach trouble today. Burning sensation, gas on stomach, distress after eating are the danger signals. Do not take habit forming medicines that only relieve. Gastrozone contains no opiates, alcohol nor whiskey to produce habit. Gastrozone will cure you so you will not have to be taking medicines constantly to do the work your stomach shirks. Ask for Gastrozone; it's guaranteed. Sold only by J. H. Swan.

## Sea Serpent Gossip.

That New Jersey doctor who says that the sea serpent that he saw on the beach was 30 feet long and had horns might have made a more interesting story if he had taken one or two glasses more. Then the serpent would very likely have been 60 feet long and would have had horns and wings.

Foley's Honey and Tar is especially adapted for chronic throat troubles and will positively cure bronchitis, hoarseness and all bronchial diseases. Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## False Precious Stones.

Diamonds, pearls and turquoises are the precious stones best imitated. False rubies and sapphires, on the other hand, may be detected with ease.

## "To Cure a Felon"

says Sam. Kendall, of Phillipsburg, Kan., "Just cover it over with Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and the salve will do the rest." Quick cure for burns, boils, sores, scalds, wounds, piles, eczema, salt rheum, chapped hands, sore feet and sore eyes. Only 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store. Guaranteed.

## Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work. Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries. It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

## Exciting Novel by Oppenheim.

Novel readers everywhere will be glad to have a tip on the brilliant new romance, "The Great Secret," by E. Phillips Oppenheim, author of "A Prince of Sinners," "The Mysterious Mr. Sabin" and other noted books. It is one of the most fascinating tales of mystery and action in recent fiction. If you read the first page you simply can't get away from the magic spell of the story till the mystery is solved in the last chapter.

Suppose you were quietly undressing in your room at a London hotel when suddenly a terrified man rushed in, locked your door, and told you that the men outside were going to kill him. Suppose you liked the man's looks, so that your fighting blood was up to defend him. What would you do when his enemies burst in your door and tried to drag him off without law or warrant? And suppose the man possessed some momentous secret which made him the victim of an international conspiracy, and that a beautiful American girl seemed to be one of the conspirators. Interesting, is it not? Well, that is only a hint of the first chapter, and the story carries one along in a whirlwind of mystified excitement to the end.

Mr. Oppenheim is a wizard with the pen. Americans are only beginning to realize that he is one of the greatest masters of exciting narratives in this decade. He is an Englishman with an American wife, and characters from both countries figure in his novels. "The Great Secret" is a marvel of its kind. The first installment will appear in the Sunday Magazine of The Chicago Record-Herald, Sept. 30.

## Feet Swollen to Immense Size.

"I had kidney trouble so bad that I could not work," says J. J. Cox, of Valley View, Ky., "my feet were swollen to immense size and I was confined to my bed, and physicians were unable to give me any relief. My doctor finally prescribed Foley's Kidney Cure which made a well man of me." Sold by J. H. Swan.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes the diseased kidneys sound so they will eliminate the poisons from the blood. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## Doctors Could Not Help Her.

"I had kidney trouble for years," writes Mrs. Raymond Conner, of Shelton, Wash., "and the doctors could not help me. I tried Foley's Kidney Cure, and the very first dose gave me relief and I am now cured. I cannot say too much for Foley's Kidney Cure." Sold by J. H. Swan.

## Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system . . . . .

## Scott's Emulsion

is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor . . . .

Send for free sample

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists  
409-415 Pearl Street, New York  
50c and \$1.00. All druggists

AN IDEAL DRINK

PLEASING TO THE TASTE-  
OF HIGH QUALITY AND  
ABSOLUTE PURITY



**Klein's**  
Ginger Ale

Superior to the best imported Ginger Ales and without equal in America. Palatable and refreshing when taken alone or with highballs. Try it.

Klein's Pure German Birch Beer and Sodas are cooling and refreshing summer drinks. Sold everywhere.

F. G. KLEIN CO., Burlington, Wis.

Just Received a New Line of

Men's, Boy's and Youth's  
**Working Shoes.**

Also a Full Line of  
Mishawaka and Goodyear Glove  
Rubber Footwear.

Call and See Them.

**JOHN ENGMAN, ANTIOCH**

HEADQUARTERS FOR

**School Supplies**

COMPOSITION BOOKS  
SCHOOL BOOKS AND TABLETS  
PENS PENCILS INK

**JAMES H. SWAN**  
ANTIOCH, DRUGGIST ILLINOIS

**F. S. MORRELL,**  
DENTIST.

Lake Villa, Ill.

**T. N. DONNELLY & Co.**  
Loan and Diamond Brokers  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,  
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY  
at less than cost. At half the price you pay the  
regular stores. Dec 19 1917

**Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railroad**

TO  
**RACINE, WIS.**


Trains now run through between  
**Evanston and Racine**  
EVERY THIRTY MINUTES

FARES:

Rockefeller to Kenosha 55c Round trip \$1.00  
Rockefeller to Racine 75c Round trip \$1.30

Connection is made at Racine with Electric Cars for Milwaukee

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



**J. C. James, Jr.,**  
Justice of the Peace  
Notary Public  
Collections, Legal Work and  
Fire Insurance  
Special Agent  
PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

**PATENTS**

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for  
free report on patentability. For free book,  
How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write  
to

**CASNOW & CO.**  
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

**J. C. JAMES, JR.,**  
UNDERTAKER.  
Licensed Embalmer  
Licensed by the State Board  
of Health

**EUGENE M. RUNYARD**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
TELEPHONE 1303.  
218 Washington St. WAUKEGAN, ILL.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

ELGIN, ILL., Sept. 17.—Butter firm at 24 1/2c. Output of the week, 711,000.

I can fit any man with overalls. Chase Webb.

Mrs. Elmer Pollock is very ill at her home east of town.

Henry Herman was transacting business in Chicago on Monday.

Joseph Galliger of Kansas City, Mo. is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

If you like good tea, you know who sells it. Chase Webb.

John Turner and W. Gardiner of Grayslake were Antioch callers Tuesday.

Leo Burnett of Delevan, Wis. is visiting with his parents at this place, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Turner of Grayslake are calling on Antioch friends Tuesday.

D. T. Barby and family are this week moving into the house owned by Mrs. G. C. Hawley.

I have my full line of clothing complete Call and see it even if you do not buy. Chase Webb.

A new road has been laid out on Hermon Rock's subdivision, at Lake Marie, to the main road.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Beswick of Libertyville visited with Antioch friends the first part of the week.

Mrs. F. C. Cleaver, of Norwood Park, is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred B. Goodrich.

Sam Gilbert left the fore part of the week for Wheeling, to relieve the operator at that place for a short time.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs.

About twenty of the masons from this place attended the Masters and Past Masters night at Millburn Wednesday night.

On Tuesday of this week Miss Ida Rogers picked fine ripe strawberries in her garden. How is that for the 25th of September.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Four in family, easy position, must be good laundress. Wages \$5.00 per week. Address box 185, Lake Villa, Ill.

The many friends of Harold Williams are glad to see him home again and to learn that he is much improved in health since his operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. Charley Smith and her mother, Mrs. Overton, left the fore part of the week for Elroy, Wis., where they will spend a month visiting with relatives and friends.

The business men's train which leaves here at 6:57 a. m. will be discontinued after Saturday, September 29, but the Sunday special will continue until October 28.

I have opened up a dressmaking parlor in the Fred Thorne house on Maple St. and am prepared to do first class dressmaking with despatch. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Miss O'Neill, 4414

As the season for auction sales is now here we wish to call your attention to the fact that we are fully equipped to turn out sale bills on short notice, and a copy of the same will be run in the News free of charge.

Mrs. Fred Barthel will entertain the Antioch Hillside cemetery society at the home of her son, Lynn Barthel, on Wednesday afternoon, October 3. A bus will leave Williams Bros. store at 3 o'clock. Everybody invited.

Prof. F. N. Gaggin, County Superintendent of Schools, is the composer of the Royal League, a two-step and march that was played three weeks ago by a famous band orchestra at the White City in Chicago, the occasion being Royal League night.

Miss Virgie Barks of Roanoke, Virginia, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. J. C. James, Jr. for the past few weeks, left on Thursday last for Lawrence, Kansas where she will spend some time visiting with a sister and other relatives.

At the Erb-Go-Brough flats on Tuesday evening a sumptuous repast was served by Messrs. Brogan, Gollwitzer, Webb, Ames, Warriner, Bigelow, Lux and Overton in honor of the following young ladies: Nellie Smith, Ada Lux, Susan Morley, Jewel Hockney, Ollie Tiffany, Elizabeth Webb, Maybelle Higgins and Minnie Lux. The fore part of the evening was spent in playing progressive cinch, after which by chance of fortune Miss Hockney had the honor of cutting the cake, and by right of possession George Gollwitzer carved the fowl.

The dinner, being served in seven courses, the abundance of eatables and the manner in which they were served tends to prove that the boys are used to preparing these "chicken" dinners. The "Flats" were beautifully decorated in their national colors, intermingled with the red, white and blue. After dinner, the hour being late, the guests thought it time to depart, but still lingered, when it dawned upon one of the boys there was no one but the man in the moon "to see" the guests home, so each one did his duty. The young ladies voted the bachelor boys royal entertainers.

Miss Fannie Willett is reported ill with typhoid fever.

Daniel Nelson was transacting business in Waukegan on Monday.

Mrs. Robert Cretney, of Ridgway, Wis., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Kelly.

Harry Osmond and wife visited with Richmond relatives and friends on Tuesday.

If you do not like the coffee you are drinking, try my 25 cent coban. Chase Webb.

Ben VanPatten of Delevan, Wis., visited over Sunday with Antioch relatives and friends.

Rev. F. R. McNamer is attending the Rock River conference which meets in Chicago this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kelly of Austin has returned home after a weeks visit with relatives at this place.

Any one wishing to purchase game chickens for eating can procure the same by calling on George Gollwitzer.

I am prepared to deliver all kinds of fruit and vegetables for canning purposes. H. S. Messing, phone 2016 long distance.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Simons of Grayslake are spending a couple of weeks in their camp at Grass Lake. Listen for the fish stories when they get back.

Mrs. Charles Struener of Peru, Ill., who has been visiting for the past three weeks with her niece, Miss Lillian Fairman at Loon Lake returned to her home on Monday last.

For Sale—A good farm in the Fox Lake region. Excellent location, price reasonable. For particulars address this office.

Mrs. Edwin Wilton and daughter, Mary, who have been visiting relatives in Iowa the past three weeks returned home on Saturday last and report having had a most delightful time.

For Sale Cheap—On account of leaving town, 2 dressers, 1 couch, 2 brasses, 1 kitchen range, 1 pair rubber boots size 10, good as new. Inquire of Mrs. C. Olson, Victoria street, Antioch.

Buy your coal this month at the lowest price, on the basis of \$7.90 at the yard, or \$8.15 delivered to be settled for on or before Oct. 1, 1906, as coal advances 10 cents per ton each month.

The murder case of William Young, charged with killing his son, does not appear in the new docket because cases are placed there only after the party has been indicted. Young's case has not yet come before the grand jury, but it will be taken up at once when the jury convenes on October 1st. Then, if he is indicted, the case will come up after court re-convenes on the 20th. Whether the trial will progress or not is not known. Charles Whitney, attorney, for Young stated that he could not say whether he would take the case to trial at this time or not. The state will of course be ready for trial but the defense may ask for a continuation.

New and second hand pianos for sale or rent. Prices always right. L. B. Grice, 2014

### Parents Attention.



Many children suffer with headaches, nervousness, etc., caused by defective eyes. Others lacking the proper vision are backward in their studies. Call on Miss Emmert at the Lux hotel on Thursday October 4. It will cost you nothing to learn the true condition of your children's eyes.

Good for the cough, removes the cold, the cause of the cough. That's the work of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the original laxative cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## BAKING MADE EASY

Simply order a sack of

## EACO FLOUR

and you have the source of good white, light bread, airy biscuit, crisp pie crusts and cakes and pastry of most dainty and exquisite lightness :: ::

## EACO FLOUR

is the best for every purpose—goes farther, too, than most flours

## CHASE WEBB

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

### THE OTHER SIDE

To the Editor of the Antioch News: Seeing the article in your paper, it is but fair that the public see the other side of the story.

Sunday, Sept. 9, singing and shouting, Fred Rossiter and Art Thayer passed through Monaville on their way to Joe Hucker's, "to have a time with him," as they confidently told a friend they met on their way. Not finding him at home they returned to Monaville raising the same disturbance and saw Mr. Hucker sitting in Ernest Hook's yard. He was talking with Mr. Hook at the time and whittling a stick. Rossiter came in, passed the time of day and followed Mr. Hucker from place to place without another word. Hucker, knowing Rossiter was looking for trouble, closed his knife and put it in his hip pocket where it remained. This action Rossiter could not fail to see. Then he demanded his money, Mr. Hucker answering he had none with him. A question of the amount arose, Rossiter claiming more than his due, expecting Hucker to give him the time he spent to go to Grayslake bank and to pay for his plugs of tobacco which Mr. Hucker did not feel disposed to do since Rossiter treated him so unfairly. Words followed, and Rossiter, who was under the influence of liquor, was determined to thrash Mr. Hucker, who, in order to defend himself, was compelled to fight. Then Rossiter, finding the trouble he was looking for and coming out the worse, had Mr. Hucker arrested on the cowardly and dastardly pretense of having been stabbed. The injuries he received were merely the result of a fair fist fight.

Mrs. J. O. Hucker.

## Dragging Down Pains

are a symptom of the most serious trouble which can attack a woman, viz: falling of the womb. With this, generally, comes irregular and painful periods, weakening drains, backache, headache, nervousness, dizziness, irritability, tired feeling, etc. The cure is

## WINE OF CARDUI

### The Female Regulator

that wonderful, curative, vegetable extract, which exerts such a marvelous, strengthening influence, on all female organs. Cardui relieves pain and regulates the menses. It is a sure and permanent cure for all female complaints.

At all druggists and dealers in \$1.00 bottles.

"I SUFFERED AWFUL PAIN  
In my womb and ovaries," writes Mrs. Naomi Baker, of Webster Grove, Mo., "also in my right and left sides, and my menses were very painful and irregular. Since taking Cardui I feel like a new woman and do not suffer as I did. It is the best medicine I ever took."

### Starving to Death.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters, of St. Clair street, Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep; and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters, with the wonderful result that improvement began at once and a complete cure followed." Best health tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist.

Think of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure if your nose and throat discharges—if your breath is foul or feverish. This snow white soothing balm contains Oil of Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., incorporated into an imported, creamlike, velvety petrolatum. It soothes, heals, purifies, controls. Call at our store for free trial box. Sold by all dealers.

## The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the scalp healthy, and keeps it so. It is a regular hair-food; this is the real secret of its wonderful success.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured by SARGENT & WELLS, CHERRY PECTORAL.

## SPECIAL PRICES ON SEASONABLE GOODS

### GROCERIES.

23 lbs. Granulated Sugar for \$1.00 providing you take 2 lbs. of our 20c, 25c, 30c or 35c Coffee, or 2 lbs. of 35c, 40c, or 50c Tea. We are making this liberal offer to introduce our FINE TEAS and COFFEES to the trade.

7 bars Galvanic Soap.....25c  
13 bars Calumet Family Soap.....25c  
7 bars American Family Soap.....25c  
9 bars Armour's Lighthouse Soap.....25c  
2 packages Johnson's Wash Powder.....50c  
3 packages Gold Dust Wash Powder.....25c  
7 bars Wool Soap.....10c  
10 lbs. Sal Soda.....10c  
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb.....18c  
Walter Baker's German Sweet Chocolate, per lb.....18c  
Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, per lb.....35c  
3 packages Magic Yeast.....10c  
Armour's Star Hams, per lb.....14c  
Armour's Pure Leaf Lard, per lb.....10c  
Armour's Fancy Bacon, per lb.....14c  
Armour's Star Dried Beef Sliced, per lb.....20c  
2 packages Ferry's or Rice's Garden Seeds.....05c  
Bulk Winked Seed Peas, per quart.....10c

### SHOES.

\$4.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes.....\$3.00  
\$3.50 W. L. Douglas Shoes.....\$2.50  
\$3.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes.....\$2.25  
\$2.20 W. L. Douglas Shoes.....\$1.75

We also offer special prices on Old Pairs in Men's, Boy's and Children's Shoes. Prices are much below present wholesale cost.

### DRY GOODS.

Apron Gingham, per yard.....05c  
Light Shirting Prints, per yard.....05c  
Turkey Red Prints, per yard.....05c  
50c Stamp Pillow Covers.....25c  
25c Stamp Pillow Covers.....15c  
Mosquito Netting, per bolt of 8 yards.....39c  
3,000 yards Embroidery at special prices.

### MILLINERY.

All Walking and Tailored Hats, 1/2 off regular prices. Trimmed Hats, 1/4 off regular prices.

For the approaching WHITE SEASON we are complete outfitters. White Waists, White Suits, White Duck and Linen Skirts, White Parasols, White Oxfords, White Hosiery, White Gloves and Belts.

## F. D. BATTERSHALL, GENERAL \* MERCHANDISE GRAYSLAKE, \* ILLINOIS

### Resolutions of Respect.

MRS. ALICE CRANDALL.

Resolutions of sympathy and respect adopted by Olson Camp 459.

Whereas, The angel of death has entered our camp and taken from among us our esteemed Neighbor Alice Crandall. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That by her untimely death this camp has lost a true Neighbor, the family a devoted wife and loving mother; and be it further

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the grief-stricken husband and children in this their time of bereavement; and while they mourn the loss of their loved one, we mourn the loss of a beloved Neighbor; and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days; that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and the local paper for publication, and a copy be spread upon the records of our camp.

There is no flock howsoever tended  
But one dead lamb is there;

There is no fireside howsoever defended  
But has one vacant chair.

Lottie Johnson  
Tina Thorn  
Jennie Lynch  
Committee

### RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY AND RESPECT

Resolutions of sympathy and respect adopted by Olson Camp 459.

Whereas, It is with deepest sorrow that the members of Olson Camp are called upon to mourn the loss of Neighbor Renssaler Johnson. The reaper, whose name is Death, entered our camp Sept. 9, 1906, for the second time and severed our fraternal chain by calling one of our beneficial members from the toils of this life.

Resolved, That we, the entire camp, extend our sincere sympathy to the bereaved wife and child, in this their sorrow, and while they mourn the loss of a loved one in the home, we mourn the loss of a friend and Neighbor.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and one to the local paper, and a copy be spread on the records of our camp as a lasting tribute to his memory.

Weep not that his toil is over;  
Weep not that his race is run;  
God grant we may rest as calmly  
When our life's work is done.

Lottie Johnson  
Tina Thorn  
Jennie Lynch  
Committee

When two strong men come to blows, even if they are well matched, it is not a pleasing sight, but if the man who gets the worst of it will use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, he will look better and feel better in short order. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Good for everything a salve is used for, including piles. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## In Womanly Ailments and Weaknesses

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure Soothes, Heals and Cures while the Patient Sleeps

The best remedy which physicians know for Female Troubles is composed of parts of a certain white. To this are added other remedies which are intended to draw out the poisons and heal the inflamed membranes. This soothing and curative local application is known by druggists and physicians everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. Because it cures while the patient sleeps and increases the vitality of the system, it is the best remedy for women who are sick. They never know a little suffering and sickness is many sary. Every woman should be made to experience the vigor and perfect health which Dr. Shoop's Night Cure will give them. Dr. Shoop sends this way to help. It is the best remedy for women who are sick. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure will come as a means of relief. You may not know your trouble by the name. Physicians give it, but remember Dr. Shoop's Night Cure may be relied upon in all cases of ulceration, local pains, irritation, weakness, inflammation, congestion, and all irregularities. Ask for Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. Recommended and sold by

"ALL DEALERS"

## Illinois Central R. R.

Very Low Rate ACCOUNT

## K. OF P.

### Biennial Meeting Supreme Lodge New Orleans and Return

In connection with this gathering of the Order of Knights of Pythias the Illinois Central R. R. will, on

Oct. 11, 12, 13 and 14

sell tickets to New Orleans and return at very low rates from stations north of the Ohio River, with return limit to October 30, 1906. Tickets are for continuous passage in both directions, except that at certain stations stop-overs will be permitted. See your local Illinois Central agent for further information, or write to the undersigned.

Side Trips from New Orleans may be arranged for by consulting with ticket agents, New Orleans. On sale October 16 to 25, inclusive. Final return limit of these side-trip tickets (arriving New Orleans) October 30.

S. G. HATCH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Serve the Lord in Youth. When Men grow virtuous in their old age, they only make a sacrifice of the devil's leavings.—Pope.

## BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Many people who are neglecting symptoms of kidney trouble, hoping "it will wear away," are drifting towards Bright's Disease, which is kidney trouble in one of its worst forms.

## FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

stops irregularities, strengthens the urinary organs and builds up the worn-out tissues of the kidneys so they will perform their functions properly. Healthy kidneys strain out the impurities from the blood as it passes through them. Diseased kidneys do not, and the poisonous waste matter is carried by the circulation to every part of the body, causing dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, sluggish liver, irregular heart action, etc.

If you have any signs of Kidney or Bladder trouble commence taking FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE at once, as it will cure a slight disorder in a few days and prevent a fatal malady. It is pleasant to take and benefits the whole system.

### How to Find Out.

You can easily determine if your kidneys are out of order by setting aside for 24 hours a bottle of the urine passed upon arising. If upon examination it is cloudy or milky or has a brick-dust sediment or small particles float about in it, your kidneys are diseased, and FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE should be taken at once.

O. B. Burhans Testifies After Four Years.

O. B. Burhans of Carlisle Center, N. Y., writes: "About four years ago I wrote you stating that I had been entirely cured of a severe kidney trouble by taking less than two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure. It entirely stopped the brick-dust sediment and pain and symptoms of kidney disease disappeared. I am glad to say that I have never had a return of any of those symptoms during the four years that have elapsed, and I am eternally indebted to you for the cure. I heartily recommend Foley's Kidney Cure to any one suffering from kidney or bladder trouble."

Two Sizes, 50c and 100c.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY JAMES H. SWAN

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 53 Miles North of Chicago

### TIME CARD—ANTIOCH STATION.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.	Ar. Antioch.
8:00 AM—Sunday Special.....10:40 AM	
9:30 AM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday 10:40 AM	
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex. Sunday, 3:15 PM	
4:00 PM—No. 13, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:30 PM	
5:00 PM—No. 9, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:30 PM	

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.	Ar. Chicago.
6:57 AM—No. 10, Daily ex. Sunday 8:45 AM	
7:18 AM—No. 14, Daily.....10:20 AM	
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday, 1:40 PM	
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:30 PM	
6:30 PM—Sunday Special.....8:30 PM	
9:35 PM—No. 2, Daily.....10:50 PM	

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halsted street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month. GEO. BARTLETT, Sec'y. SOL. LAPLANT, M. W.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557, M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. C. M. MANLEY, V. C. J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

## James A. Thom, M. D. C. Veterinarian

'PHONE—Millburn. ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

## Dr. James H. Reading, DENTIST.

Control Block Antioch, Illinois

## THE BROOKE-BARLOW INVESTMENT CO.

has Money To Loan

on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's

## New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

## Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach. Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says: "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc.

Prepared by E. Q. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH.

## BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.



## THE WORLD OVER

LATEST NEWS FROM EVERY LAND.

### AROUND THE WORLD.

Frank Moodspough, a non-union molder, shot and seriously wounded George Davis, a striking molder, in Columbus, Ohio, and was rescued by the police from a mob threatening lynching, which was held at bay by a woman until the officers arrived.

In Leavenworth, Kan., Edward Bludsoe, aged 74, was murdered in a most cold-blooded manner and his house set on fire. The murderer, evidently actuated by robbery, had crushed Bludsoe's head with an ax. Louis Williams of Strong City was arrested charged with the crime.

In a dispatch from Lucknow, the correspondent of the London Standard says a boat containing 200 persons capsized in midstream while crossing the River Indus at a point where it separates the northwest frontier province from the Attock district. The passengers were swept down by the stream and only thirty were saved.

Living on the roof of an old dwelling, in the rear of a business block in Akron, Ohio, were found Mrs. George Otis, her 10-month-old baby and a child 2 years old, all apparently in a dying condition. Mrs. Otis was desolved by her husband. Too proud to beg and being too ill to work, she made a home for herself in the abandoned house.

James Neal, 19 years old, who was sentenced by Judge L. F. Parker to life imprisonment in the penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth for murder, died in the federal jail in Vinita, I. T. He collapsed after sentence had been passed on him and had not been out of his bed since. The jail physician says the boy died of remorse, literally of a broken heart.

By the breaking of a steel casting above the elevator of the Buckeye Transfer and Storage Company warehouse in Columbus, Ohio, the elevator was precipitated to the basement from the fourth floor. There were ten big rolls of newspaper paper on it and at the bottom of the shaft John Keyser, drayman, was buried under the rolls of paper and instantly killed.

The dead body of John Asher, aged 11, was found lying in a roadway at North Lewisburg, Ohio, with a bullet in his head. Investigation by the coroner elicited the story from Hale Seaman, aged 13, that Asher and David Sharp were playing with him in the Seaman home when they found a loaded revolver and it was accidentally discharged in Seaman's hands, killing Asher. Frightened, the boys dragged the body into the roadway, locked the house, and left.

With the blowing of whistles, the clanging of bells and the glad acclaim of thousands of persons who had gathered at the river shore, the renewal of steamboat traffic on the Missouri river after a lapse of more than a decade, was celebrated Monday when the steamer Lora, laden with freight from St. Louis, docked at the wharf in Kansas City. Every local craft of any pretension went several miles down the river to act as an escort for the Lora, and the appearance of the fleet, with the freighter in the lead, was the signal for one of the most genuine outbursts of enthusiasm ever occasioned by any event in the commercial life of the city.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the principal baseball leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
Chicago	100	St. Louis	82
New York	89	Brooklyn	79
Pittsburgh	87	St. Louis	81
Philadelphia	67	Boston	45

AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
Chicago	85	St. Louis	70
New York	85	Detroit	63
Cleveland	81	Washington	53
Philadelphia	75	Boston	46

WESTERN LEAGUE.			
Des Moines	94	St. Paul	76
Lincoln	70	Denver	63
Omaha	68	St. Paul	57

### NEWS NUGGETS.

A deadly infernal machine addressed to Jacob Schiff, the New York banker, was found in Philadelphia.

Girl operatives of the Star porcelain works at Trenton, N. J., struck when they were forbidden to sing.

Twelve negroes and at least one white man were slain in a second battle near Atlanta as a result of the race riots.

Two women and a man were drowned by the swamping of a rowboat during a fierce squall in Maumee bay at Toledo, Ohio.

The mutilated body of Joseph Hagan, a coal miner, was found on the shore of the Monongahela river at Millsboro, Pa. It is supposed he was robbed and murdered.

Fire in the lumber yards of Lieberman, Loveman & O'Brien at Nashville, Tenn., destroyed 5,000,000 feet of quartered oak and poplar, one dry kiln and three drying sheds. The loss is between \$125,000 and \$150,000.

A cablegram received at the Navy Department from Shanghai announced the safe arrival at that port of the gunboat Helena, reported to have been lost in the great hurricane that recently swept the China seas.

Thomas Lewis, a miner, was killed at Pittsburgh, Kan., by the explosion of a shot in the mine. He was a native of Wales and a veteran of the Boer war. He had a number of medals from the English government for valiant service.

Carl Fredericks, 9 years old, of Hohen, N. J., is to be operated upon in the hope of reforming him. The lad is at the Rahway reformatory, under constant supervision by scientists. The physicians declare the brain's size must be reduced. Tests made showed that the boy has no sense of right or wrong.

F. H. Wilson and W. H. Lenox found a trunk near the Mahoning river in Warren, Ohio, containing a human skeleton and the skull and part of the vertebrae of another. The full skeleton was wired together. The vertebrae of the other was still held together by cartilage.

## RUSSIAN HORROR.

Victims of Siedlee Massacre Perish Miserably of Thirst.

The full horror of the massacre at Siedlee will never be known. The official report is that 100 were killed, but this is far below the total. Whole blocks of houses were burned and tremendous damage was done by shells from the battery of artillery that fired recklessly into the mob.

All this, however, is merely incidental, being as nothing when compared to the awful details of that Russian tragedy. A terrible feature of the woe of Siedlee is that many persons died of thirst. The drunken soldiers and police cleaned out blocks, leaving only the dead and wounded behind. Many of these buildings were not entered for five days and it is said twenty bodies of men and women, who died from their wounds and thirst, have been picked up.

One Jewish girl was found unconscious on the floor under a water faucet. Two policemen had broken both her legs and cut her in the side with a sword. She had dragged herself across the floor, but was unable to rise to the faucet. There she lay in agony for nearly five days. She revived just long enough to gasp "Water! Water!" and then died.

An old white-headed Jew, one of the wealthiest men in the city, was found dead in a bathtub in his house. He had been shot twice in the body and evidence was found showing he had spent two or three days helpless on the dining room floor. Blood clots showed where he had dragged himself to the bath room. Apparently, in a delirious ecstasy at getting water, he had turned on the faucets, struggled over the side into the bath and was drowned.

A few days ago, with a prayer for Russian freedom on their lips, Senatski Konopliankovo, the girl who assassinated Gen. Min Aug. 28 in the Peterhof railroad station, walked with firm step up a scaffold and was hanged. When the black cap was being pulled on the girl in a loud voice called: "Long live the social revolution for land and liberty!"

### WRECKED BY DYNAMITE.

Explosion at Jellico, Tenn., Does \$1,000,000 Damage.

A terrific dynamite explosion at Jellico, Tenn., caused the loss of at least nine lives and more or less seriously injured not less than fifty people. Property damage estimated at \$1,000,000 was done and the town of Jellico, Ky., was practically destroyed. At least 500 people are homeless. Without exception every business house in the town is either totally wrecked or badly damaged. The union station of the Southern railway and the Louisville and Nashville railroad, located about 100 yards from the scene of the explosion, was shattered to splinters. This cut off all telegraphic communication and news of the explosion was handled by telephone.

The explosion occurred upon the Kentucky side of Jellico, and in consequence every business house on that side of the town was wrecked. Not one was spared. A large number of residences located near the railroad on the Kentucky side were demolished. As a result it is estimated that one-seventh of the population of the two Jellicos is homeless.

A car loaded with dynamite, and consigned to the Rand Powder Company, was brought in by the Southern railway from the direction of Knoxville and was sidetracked in the yards used jointly by the Southern railway and the L. & N. It is believed that the explosion was caused from spontaneous combustion in the car. The spot where the car stood is marked by a crevasse in the earth fifty twenty feet deep and about thirty feet in diameter.

Word was received in Winnipeg, Man., of a dynamite explosion, which occurred on the right of way of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway near Finmark, northwest of Ontario, in which five were killed outright and six injured. A gang of Finlanders was engaged in tunneling, according to one story, when the premature explosion of a large quantity of dynamite occurred.



The advance in the price of sugar will make many of us look sour.

Europe proposes to prevent the Shah of Persia from hiding under the bed.

Palma might catch those recalcitrant Cubans by putting a pinch of pie on their plates.

Bank Wrecker Stensland doesn't know so much about his being "Home, Sweet Home."

The Chinese Emperor is getting to be almost as great a promiser as the Czar of Russia.

Before the court gets through a Pittsburgh divorce suit, they arrest most everybody in sight.

It is claimed that Gen. Treppoff's death was due to natural causes. Natural to Russia, no doubt.

What Cuba especially wants is to learn the difference between a ballot box and a waste paper basket.

"Segal got all the money; I was fooled," says Hippie in his confession. So were the rest of 'em.

How fortunate would be all nations who go to war if they had some big friend to make them behave!

Cuba knows a hint when one as large as a skyscraper begins taking ominous strides in its direction.

The insurance companies are not all quitters. They have paid \$55,000,000 of their San Francisco losses.

Between being arrested and committing suicide, our poor bank wreckers are having a very unpleasant time.

The Czar is beginning to find out that you can't govern an empire nor lay pavements merely with good intentions.

## CUBA MUST BE GOOD.

PEACE ALONE WILL INSURE HER INDEPENDENCE.

The Solemn Warning by President Roosevelt Is Followed by Dispatch of Taft and Bacon to the Island, and Revolution Must Cease.

Washington correspondence:

Events are crowding one another in the Cuban situation. The revolt which a short while ago the Cuban government regarded with a semblance of contempt, professing itself able to crush in a short time, has developed until the United States has practically been constrained, in the interests of peace and order, to intervene. The Palma administration has failed to deal effectively with the revolt, which is now widespread, menacing the industrial, social and political order of the whole island.

The first serious international phase given to the Cuban situation came, when three companies of United States marines were landed from the cruiser Denver, at the solicitation of charge d'affaires Sleeper, acting in conjunction with President Palma. It was represented to the Commander Colwell that the marines were needed to preserve order and safeguard American interests and they at once took up a position in Havana commanding the approaches to President Palma's executive mansion. As soon as the authorities at Washington were advised of this proceeding orders were promptly issued directing the withdrawal of the marines, with the exception of a guard to be stationed at the United States legation building. To allow the troops to remain around the palace of the President would be construed, it was feared, as an act of intervention by the United States and as one favoring the Palma government. It was so construed by the insurgents in the field, many of the leaders of whom offered to surrender to the United States authority on board the cruiser Denver. The withdrawal of the marines, however, with the exception of the guard stationed at the legation, obviated this embarrassing difficulty.

First Step Toward Intervention. The second and most important development in the situation came when, at a conference held at Oyster Bay between the President and Secretaries Bacon, Taft and Bonaparte, representing the State, War and Navy Departments, it was decided to send Secretary Taft and Secretary Bacon to Cuba to investigate the conditions there and lend their good offices in establishing peace.

President Roosevelt in a letter to Senor Quesada, Cuban minister to the United States, clearly sets forth the position of our government relative to present conditions on the island. In this letter the President professes his good will and that of the American people toward Cuba and then defines our responsibility in the matter.

This nation, says the President, asks nothing of Cuba, save that it shall continue to develop as it has developed during the past seven years, that it shall know and practice this orderly liberty which has assured her an ever-increasing measure of peace and prosperity to the beautiful queen of the Antilles. Our intervention in Cuban affairs will only come if Cuba herself shows that she has fallen into the insurrectionary habit, that she lacks the self-restraint necessary to peaceful self-government and that her contending factions have plunged the country into anarchy.

I solemnly adjure all Cuban patriots to band together to sink all differences and personal ambitions and to remember that the only way that they can preserve the

Independence of the republic is to prevent the necessity of outside interference by rescuing it from the anarchy of civil war. I earnestly hope that this word of adjuration of mine, given in the name of the American people, the staunchest friends and well-wishers of Cuba that there are in all the world, will be taken as it is meant, will be seriously considered and will be acted upon and if so acted upon Cuba's permanent independence, her permanent success as a republic, are assured.

Under the treaty with your government I, as President of the United States, have a duty in this matter which I cannot shirk. The third article of that treaty explicitly confers upon the United States the right to intervene for the maintenance in Cuba of a government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty. The treaty conferring this right is the supreme law of the land and furnishes me with the right and the means of fulfilling the obligation that I am under to protect American interests.

The information at hand shows that the social bonds throughout the island have been so relaxed that life, property and individual liberty are no longer safe. I have received authentic information of injury to and destruction of American property. It is in my judgment imperative for the sake of Cuba that there shall be an immediate cessation of hostilities and some arrangements which will secure the permanent pacification of the island.

Immediately after being notified of the action of this government President Palma issued an order for the suspension of hostilities between the government forces and the insurgents and negotiations have since been under way looking toward the establishment of peace. If the opposing factions agree upon a mutually satisfactory basis, there will not be much for the Taft mission to do beside lending its impressiveness and authority to the permanency of the agreement. If there is shown a disposition to haggles over the situation the commission will boldly grapple with the difficulties along the lines of the President's letter and compel peace under threat of intervention for the protection of life and property.

Uncle Sam Ready to Act. This government is fully prepared to intervene should necessity arise. Beside the Denver and the Des Moines, which has taken Secretaries Taft and Bacon to Havana, there are several vessels either in Cuban waters or ready to proceed to them. These are the Marietta, Dixie, Tacoma, Cleveland, Newark and Minneapolis. The Newark, carrying a force of marines, is at Havana and the Minneapolis, with 400 marines, is also in Cuban waters. The battleships Louisiana and Virginia and the battleship New Jersey are at Havana. From each of the battleships 500 men can be landed, and these with the marines from other vessels would be able to dominate the situation. The general movement of naval forces to Cuba means more than the protection of American interests. It means that the navy is being so disposed that a cordon of warships may be thrown around the island republic, importations of arms and munitions effectually stopped and the revolution thus checked pending adjustment of Cuban affairs. This was done by the United States in Santo Domingo at the request of President Morales of that country. If President Roosevelt desires to go further the navy will be ready to act.

The President, however, does not want annexation. It is believed that the people who started the present revolt did so with the intention that as a result the United States would annex the island. The present intention of the United States government, however, is not to annex Cuba, but to restore peace and leave Cuba in the enjoyment of her independence. All will depend, however, upon the disposition the Cubans show to enter into a sincere and permanent peace.

SIX HUNDRED JUNKS SUNK.

Loss by Typhoon at Hongkong Reaches Appalling Figures.

The entire fleet of 600 fishing junks sailing from Hongkong was lost in the typhoon, increasing the death toll to 10,000 persons. Practically all the Baluchistan troops and 300 of the West Kent regiment are co-operating in clearing away the wreckage of the typhoon. Prodigious efforts are being made to recover the bodies, which are being carried off in carriages. The full extent of the typhoon's havoc is not yet known, but conservative estimates place the material damage at \$20,000,000.

Reports of disasters at sea are constantly being received. The steamer Albattross, with fifteen passengers on board, foundered near Cantonment pass. Only six passengers and two of the crew were saved. The steamer Hongkong was also lost, and its entire crew is missing. The steamer Ying Fat, from Sam-chun, foundered and 130 passengers and ten of its crew are missing. Only two of the crew are said to have been rescued.

Doctors Differ as to Alcohol.

During the recent meeting of the British medical association, Toronto, opinions as to the value of alcohol were expressed. Prof. Woodhead testified that surgeons had come to the conclusion that alcohol interferes with the production of the state of immunity and that it interferes with the recovery of the patient.

Also Sir Victor Horsley thought that the value of alcohol as a drug was now practically nil.

Continuous Smelting Process.

Two Australian inventors have found a new process for the continuous treatment of iron ore, which is to be exploited throughout the world. It is a process for directly converting the ore into malleable iron or steel, and is said to effect a saving of 25 per cent. After the ore is concentrated it passes through a revolving cylinder and is brought into contact with the deoxidizing gas; thence it falls into a bath of molten iron and is converted into steel or malleable iron, the whole process being automatic.

## MOB KILLS NEGROES.

SCORE OF BLACKS ARE SLAIN IN ATLANTA.

Beaten and Shot to Death in the Streets by Infuriated White Men —Police Prove Powerless and Troops Are Called Out.

Deadly race riots following attacks by negroes on four white women within the city limits of Atlanta, Ga., Saturday afternoon and evening broke out early Sunday night. Twenty negroes are known to be dead and two white men are reported killed. A score of wounded negroes, five of whom will die, are in the hospital.

The police and fire departments were powerless to cope with the situation and at midnight Governor Terrell issued an order calling out eight companies of the Fifth Infantry and one battery of light artillery.

From 15,000 to 20,000 white men and boys armed with rifles, revolvers and clubs surged through the streets frequented by negroes searching for blacks. The county jail, in which several negroes held on charges of attacking white women are confined, was threatened and terror reigned throughout Atlanta generally.

The attacks on women Saturday followed two others of a similar nature within the week and at least half a dozen others within the last two months and brought a climax Sunday night. The mob began its work early in the evening, pulling negroes from street cars and beating them with clubs, bricks and stones. Negro men and women riding to their homes after the work of the day were torn from the cars or attacked on the streets. In a few cases negroes retaliated during the early part of the night, but after 10 o'clock they were scarce in public places. The fire department was called out to disperse the mob on Decatur street, a street most frequented by negroes, and for a time seemed to hold the crowd at bay.

The disturbance soon took the form of an active and bitter race war. The incidents of the day, which were given in numerous extras by the local papers early Sunday evening, added immensely to the usual Saturday night crowds on the streets. A negro walking along Whitehall street, the principal shopping section, was attacked about 7 o'clock, beaten and escaped with few clothes. The news of this attack spread rapidly and within a few moments the appearance of a negro was the signal for a riot. The negroes scattered from the streets, going to their homes by back alleys or flocked to Decatur street, the home of the tougher negro element.

Soon street cars were attacked and negroes going to their homes were taken from the cars and beaten, stamped upon and in many cases fatally hurt. The barber shops where negroes were employed next became objects of attack. One of the hardest fights of the night took place about the postoffice. A negro barber shop across the street was the object of attack, and in less time than it takes to tell it the shop was wrecked and the negroes were beaten, one to death, the other proprietors escaping by aid of the police.

On Peters street, near the terminal railroad station, a hard fight took place. This was started by a negro shooting at the crowd from a second-story window. A brick hit him and he fell back and died in a few moments. One negro who was found with a pistol in his hand was beaten to death on the Forsythe street viaduct, in the center of the city.

Certain it is that Atlanta experienced the wildest night in her history. Not one of the negroes killed, a press dispatch says, had anything to do with the attacks on white women which set the lynching spirit aflame. Nearly a score of attacks on white women by negroes in two months, three of them Saturday night, had put the whites in such a state of mind that the question of a negro's innocence was not considered. He was a negro, and the cry was "kill him."

Sunday night Atlanta was in the hands of soldiers, seventeen companies of militia from all over the State being in control of the streets.

Seven negroes and a white man were killed in Memphis, Tenn., within twenty-four hours as the result of fights.

LAYS CORNER STONE.

Vice President Fairbanks Presides at Ceremony in Chicago.

Fifty thousand people stood in Clark and Randolph streets, Chicago, Friday as Charles W. Fairbanks, Vice President of the United States, laid the corner stone of the new \$5,000,000 Cook county court house. Stopping his towering figure, the Vice President laid a little dab of mortar on the foundation of the stone and then stepped back while the three-ton block of granite was slowly lowered into position. This last operation consumed some time, for the block at the end of the big derrick had become tangled in flags generously used in the scheme of decoration. A magnificent audience cheered the Vice President approvingly.

Short addresses were delivered by Mayor Dunne, Gov. Deneen and Mr. Brundage between spirited selections by the various bands that had occupied places in the procession and the singing of "Hallelujah" by a quartet. Then the chief speaker of the day was introduced.

After a glittering eulogy of Cook county, which Mr. Fairbanks said was greater than many States and not a few foreign countries, such as Portugal, Switzerland and Greece, he predicted Chicago was destined to become the seat of commercial power not only in the intermediate West but of the continent.

THE RAILROADS

A Pennsylvania mail train broke all records on that line by the run from Harrisburg to Altoona, 132 miles in 110 minutes.

The Illinois Central will soon have its own laundry in Chicago, where will be washed all the linen used on the 4,375 miles of this system.

A San Francisco report says that the Gould lines have secured right of way across central Oregon to some point on the Snake river as a terminus for the Corvallis and Eastern road.

The preliminary statement of the Erie railroad for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, shows gross earnings of over \$20,000,000, an increase over the previous year of \$4,277,000, and an increase in net of \$1,547,000. The company incurred an additional expense of only \$100,000 in conducting the transportation of over \$4,000,000 additional gross earnings. This is an indication that improvements which have been completed are producing the desired results in lessening the cost of transportation.

It is a curious fact that the American style of passenger coach, with end doors, a center aisle and seats on either side, was an English invention, while the European railroads cling to the side-door compartment car and use comparatively few of the end-door coaches.

The Canadian Pacific is the first railroad in North America to serve afternoon tea on its trains. Those who wish the beverage purchase tickets at 25 cents each and in the afternoon tea, rolls, cakes and so on are brought into the sleeper. This custom, which is English, will be adopted on transcontinental trains only.

## Do You Open Your Mouth

Like a young bird and gulp down whatever food or medicine may be offered you? Or, do you want to know something of the composition and character of that which you take into your stomach whether as food or medicine?

Most intelligent and sensible people now-a-days insist on knowing what they employ whether as food or as medicine. Dr. Pierce believes they have a perfect right to insist upon such knowledge. So he publishes broadcast and on each bottle wraps, what his medicines are made of and verifies (under seal) This he feels he can well afford to do because the more the ingredients of which his medicines are made are studied and understood the more will their superior curative virtues be appreciated.

For the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses, irregularities and derangements, giving rise to frequent headaches, backache, dragging-down pain or distress in lower abdominal or pelvic region, accompanied, oftentimes, with a debilitating, pelvic, catarrhal drain and kindred symptoms of weakness, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a most efficient remedy. It is equally efficient in curing painful periods, in giving strength to nursing mothers and in preparing the system of the expectant mother for baby's coming, thus rendering childbirth safe and comparatively painless. The Favorite Prescription is a most potent, strengthening tonic to the general system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. It is also a soothing and invigorating nerve and cures nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the distinctly feminine organs.

A host of medical authorities of all the several schools of practice, recommend each of the several ingredients of which "Favorite Prescription" is made for the cure of the diseases for which it is claimed to be a cure. You may read what they say for yourself by sending a postal card request for a free booklet of extracts from the leading authorities, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and it will come to you by return post.

Frank, at Least.

Solemn Looking Gent—Friends, I am collecting funds to push the missionary work in foreign lands, among the benighted heathen, and it is your privilege to help in the great work. Any amount, no matter how small, will be appreciated.

Hardened Sinner—I suppose you pick up quite a bit of money here and there, don't you?

S. L. G.—Oh, yes. I have taken in nearly enough to pay my salary this month.

H. S.—What if you get more than will pay your salary?

S. L. G.—Well, that doesn't happen often, but when it does I apply it on back salary.—Toledo Blade.

Advertisements.

The first newspaper advertisement appeared in Great Britain in 1642. In Greece advertising was done by public criers. The first printed advertisement in England was got up by the celebrated printer Caxton. It announced the completion of a book called "The Pye of Salisbury."

The ancient Egyptians, Greeks and Romans were the first to use bill-posters, some of which were found on the walls of buildings in Pompeii. It was not until the eighteenth century that magazine and newspaper advertising became the recognized medium between manufacturer and buyer.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar, made of extra quality tobacco. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Immaterial.

The elderly and somewhat frustrated lady stopped an obese man on a crowded street.

"Does it make any difference," she asked, "which of these cars I take to the cemetery?"

"Not to me, madam," answered the polite heavy-weight, as he lifted his hat and passed on.

Can This Be True?

The Bachelor—I wonder why the average married woman is so anxious to be seen with her husband in public?

The Maid—I don't know, of course, but I imagine it's because a public place is the only one in which a woman can induce her husband to treat her with due consideration.

It Had.

Beryl—You've read Scriblett's new novel. Has it a happy ending?

Garnet—Yes; the villain is the only well drawn character in the book, and he escapes punishment.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, BACCHIC, DIABETES, GRAVEL, CALCULI, AND ALL KIDNEY DISEASES.

A Positive CATARRH CURE

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c. at Drug, Grocers or by mail. Trial Size 10c. by mail. Ely Brothers, 60 Warren Street, New York.

HAY FEVER

Business Card for Sale or Exchange

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.

Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange. Quincy or Quincy, Ill. For Sale or Exchange.





He plows best who plows last and oftenest.

Sheep require a clean place to eat and must have it, else their health will be impaired and food wasted.

Regularity is perhaps more important in feeding sheep than in the case with other animals, for sheep are naturally regular in their habits.

It is well enough in embarking in the swine business to aim at a large herd, but commence with a few sows; in other words, aim at the top but commence at the bottom.

When the brooding hen refuses to voluntarily return to her coop at night, but squats outside, you can be pretty sure that the coop is either fearfully lousy, filthy or close, or perhaps all three. Investigate.

Professor Hodge, of Clark university, has estimated the value of toads to the farmer at \$18 apiece because they destroy cut worms. There is a regular market for toads in England, however, at 25 cents apiece.

Small hoghouses are more desirable than large ones. When large, too many hogs congregate in them when the weather is cold. This causes disease, and the swine are liable to smother and injure one another.

At the end of the growth of any plant is the time to kill it. In the month of August more weeds and undesirable plants can be killed than in any other month of the year. This applies to briars, bushes, willows, etc.

There is this about the poultry and dairy business—there is no danger of overdoing either one. Profitable prices are absolutely assured for the future. The two lines represent the very safest and surest of any branches of agriculture.

Burn over the old strawberry bed and row it in some way. Plow out so as to leave rows about ten inches wide every three feet, then harrow it down, so new rows will be formed. By pursuing this plan a bed can be made to last a year or so longer.

Pruning should also be done to prevent undesirable and crowded limbs, and to take off occasional suckers and water sprout, bearing in mind always not to prune too severely. In the case of the neglected orchard, care should be used not to remove too much brush all at once.

Very few farm or village families grow asparagus, yet it is very easy to raise. It is best to get strong roots in the spring, but it can be raised from seeds, one ounce of seeds producing a thousand plants, sown in a bed twelve feet square. A bed of seedlings will not generally be fit for use until the third year.

A good shepherd says that sheep on our western ranges that are properly salted stray much less than unsalted flocks. Be this as it may, sheep crave salt, and will hunt for salt licks, alkali, or other partial substitutes, if it is denied them. As a rule, we think sheep consume less salt when they have constant access to it than when it is fed to them infrequently.

Have you provided sufficient dry earth for winter use? Now is the time to buy spring pullets for winter laying. Feed more corn to the fowls than you did during the summer. As the supply of insects decreases make up the deficiency with meat scraps or meal meal. The fowls might be excluded from some of these runs and these spaded and sown to rye and grass. In late fall and winter the chickens can get fresh green stuff.

A great interest always attaches to the first fruiting of any tree in the home orchard. The most important question to be decided is: Will it come true to name? Many and keen have been the disappointments that have followed the negative answer to that question. The purchaser of a few trees, of different species and varieties, is entitled to as much honesty and care in the selection and shipping of the stock as the commercial orchardist, who buys by the block or the thousand.

**Cost and Results of Arsenate Spray.**  
As a result of spraying experiments at the Illinois experiment station, it was found that four times spraying with arsenate of lead at a cost of seventeen cents a tree, increased the yield of the apple orchard about one-half, and the average size of the fruit about one-fifth, and so improved the quality of the apples that they were worth two and one-half to three times as much as if the orchard had not been sprayed. Orchards in the section indicated are much infested with the apple curculion and the spraying was successful in destroying these. Experiments at the same station with various washes for destroying the San Jose scale included all the common mixtures and various patented preparations, but it was con-

cluded that the best and cheapest mixture is the common lime and sulphur wash prepared by boiling. The mixture applied in March was much more effective than when applied in midwinter.

**Picking Geese.**  
It is all right to pluck old geese when their feathers are ripe and begin to molt, which will occur about this time, and if only the feathers that come easy are plucked it is beneficial and not injurious to them. It is poor policy to pick geese more than once a year, and not advisable to pick the goslings at all. In plucking a goose, draw a stocking over its head to avoid being bitten. Do not pick the feathers that cover the wing butts, as it will cause the wings to drop, and means lots of trouble for the goose. Do not pick feathers growing in the back, or the down on any part of the body. It would make nice pillows, but let it be. It is enough to pick the down from those killed for market.

**Seeding Alfalfa.**  
The success of alfalfa depends so largely on the condition of land when seed are planted that very intelligent care should now be given to prospective alfalfa fields that are to be seeded this fall. If the land has been in small spring grain and is hard and compact, the first summer plowing given it should not be over deep, or clods will be turned up which no summer rains will pulverize. Turn plowing to a depth of three to five inches, followed by a second plowing of greater depth when a good season is found in the upper or surface soil, will be found thoroughly practical and will do much to guarantee the rapid growth and strong development of the young plants this fall. We would much rather have as a seed bed for alfalfa a four-inch soil well moistened and thoroughly firmed by harrowing, than a six-inch freshly plowed mass of half moist, loose soil particles through which the hot September air circulates with destructive effect. On unplowed alfalfa land at this date give only normal plowing, with thorough harrowing, and if later seasons are good plow deeper and so "clinch" the season for the use of the crop.—Farm and Ranch.

**Bottle-Fed Trees.**  
Science has recently learned a good deal that was previously unknown about the anatomy of a tree, and especially about the circulatory system of the great plant, says the Technical World Magazine. In order that it shall be healthy, it is as necessary for a tree to have a good circulation as for a man. But hitherto nobody has realized the activity of this function in the tree—an activity sufficiently evidenced by the fact that chemical substances injected into cottonwoods were detected in the sap of the topmost twigs, 30 to 40 feet above the bottle, within 16 hours. Some recent experiments at the North Dakota experiment station have had for their object merely the feeding of poorly-nourished young trees, which, when supplied with a bottle filled at frequent intervals, appeared to suck in sustenance at a rapid rate. So far, indeed, is this the case that it has been found possible to regulate to some extent the growth of young trees by such means, retarding their development or making it more rapid as might be desired. It is all a matter of food supply, the "patient" under treatment showing a ready willingness to absorb extra provender and to utilize it in the building of plant tissues.

**The Old Cow.**  
There is no rule by which the age of a cow will determine the end of her period of usefulness. Some cows remain strong and vigorous up to 15 years old, while others indicate age and evident decline at 10.

It is a well-established fact among breeders that after a cow has raised two or three calves her value as a breeder may be pretty accurately determined, and she has also arrived at the age of best service as a calf producer. The heifer is not the best mother, usually, but improves maternal qualities as she approaches maturity. It is, therefore, very uncertain in results to turn the heifer off because she does not with her first calf equal the old cow in her produce. It is also bad management to turn the old cow off because she is old, when she has proven a valuable breeder of excellent calves. Many an old cow has produced a calf that would sell for three or four times what the old cow would sell for.

The old cow even among grade cattle is often worth more to retain as a producer of calves than to exchange for the uncertainty of a young animal. Excellence in breeding is what is desired in the breeding herd. If you have this in the old cow, be sure you have something to take her place in this very desirable quality before you dispose of her on account of old age. Judge closely, judge accurately on the value of the old, reliable breeding cow, remembering that good cows are scarce and that it is much easier to get rid of a good cow than to buy one.

## WORSE THAN HOMELESS.

Chicago Has 10,000 Young Students in Crime.

A charitable worker who has come in touch with the young of the poorer districts of Chicago, whence come the tough lad, estimates that there are over 10,000 boys in the city who are worse than homeless. In other words, they are in direct line of becoming criminals or public charges, under the teaching of the trained criminal who makes the city his refuge. The fact that they can buy weapons and ammunition without explanation makes it an easy matter for youthful things to start on their careers. They laugh at the efforts of the police to catch them. For the most part they live at home or with relatives, and in the neighborhoods are known as dissipated and tough boys, but not as holdup men. With companions they sally out at night to isolated sections of the city where they know the police protection to be inadequate. They choose secluded spots offering the protection of darkness and lay in wait. Then, with plenty of time deliberately to stop the victim and take from him valuables, they operate until it is time for the policeman to be in the vicinity, or until the profits of the expedition are sufficient to satisfy their spirit of revelry and rioting.

## INDIANS AND IRRIGATION.

Employed on Government Projects in Arizona and Montana.

On several of the big government irrigation projects now under construction pains have been taken to give employment to large numbers of Indians living near the works. In connection with every project the government finds it necessary to undertake more or less road building, and it is principally on this work that the Indians are employed. Others, more accustomed to labor, have employment on the canals and at the dam sites. In this way they are enabled to earn a living and to fit themselves to become self-supporting when the government moves from the field and they are thrown on their own resources.

In Arizona several hundred Apache Indians are now employed in road building and on other works connected with the irrigation system. When this project is completed and the lands are taken up by settlers, the Indians, or many of them, will be able to find employment with the settlers, as there is much work to be done before the irrigated lands are converted into productive fields. In Montana many more Indians are at work on the Milk river project, and later, when the government begins construction in the Klamath basin, employment will be given to all Klamath Indians who desire to make from \$1 to \$2 a day. Possibly better pay will be granted to those who are competent to earn more.



Day laborers in Japan average 20 cents for a day's pay.

The Chicago Waiters' Union has doubled its membership during the last month.

Leaf strippers in the manufacture of cigars in Porto Rico receive during a week an average of \$2.65 apiece.

The Victorian government has decided to buy 1,400 acres of land at Marlborough, near Melbourne, to be used for workmen's homes.

The nine-hour day for coal miners in France will be reduced to eight and a half in the beginning of 1909, and to eight hours in 1910.

Sunday shaving in Niagara Falls, N. Y., must stop. At least, this is the decision of the officers of the Journeymen Barbers' Union of that city.

The Cigarmakers' International Union, since the adoption of the benefit system 20 years ago, has paid out in benefits nearly \$7,000,000 to its members.

Chinese laborers in Samoa get only \$2.50 a month, besides board, lodging and medical attendance. They want \$5, but the planters say that that would make farming unprofitable.

The most important feature of the convention of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, held at Omaha, Neb., recently was the raising of the per capita tax to 2 cents to increase the funds on hand.

Organized labor has protested against the plan of Postmaster Owens of Milwaukee to equip street mail cars on the ground that it might interfere with a possible desire of the unions to tie up the street railway lines.

Numerically the Farmers' Union is larger than any other in the country and it is growing at the rate of a thousand members a day. In Texas, where the first was organized, there are 4,000 local organizations, with a total membership of 200,000.

As an index to the state of employment among workmen, the New York Labor Bulletin reports that during the first quarter of the year only 6.5 per cent of the members of labor unions in the State were idle. At the end of March 0.9 per cent were idle, numbering 37,237 persons. This was the smallest proportion in ten years.

The sweat shop evil is being desperately fought by union labor in New York. It is hard to kill, as tenement dwellers, though wretchedly underpaid, prefer to do the work at their homes. On the principle of law that a man's home is his castle, which the king may not enter, it offers protection to sweat shop methods in employment of minor children of the slums.

The grand lodge of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen has issued a statement showing the increase in membership in the last ten years. Jan. 1, 1890, the organization had a membership of 20,331, and July 1 of this year the paid-up membership was 83,281. The increase during the first six months of 1909 was nearly 5,000, and the officers expect to have a membership of 90,000 by the end of this year. The organization is carrying more than \$75,000,000 of insurance on its members, and is the strongest numerically and financially of all the railroad brotherhoods.

## MANY DIE IN TYPHOON

DISASTROUS STORM IN HONG-KONG HARBOR.

Vessels Are Sunk and Loss of Life Is Estimated at 1,000—Changed Ocean Currents Held Responsible for Recent Shipwrecks.

Loss of life estimated at 1,000 has resulted from a typhoon which swept the island on which Hongkong is located. Enormous damage has been done to shipping and other property. This is the news contained in cable dispatches received from the Chinese city. It is reported that the coast for miles is lined with the wrecks of small sailing craft caught in the storm and driven ashore. In Hongkong harbor many vessels foundered and officers were driven ashore. The loss of life was heaviest among the crews on vessels in port. It is reported that in numerous cases not a man escaped from the ships.

## Island in the China Sea.

Hongkong is an island situated in the China Sea, off the coast of China, from which it is separated by a narrow strait. It was yielded to Great Britain by treaty in 1842. The roadstead has a well-protected anchorage. Victoria, the capital, commonly called Hongkong, is situated on a bay of the same name, setting up into the north side of the island.

The port is a great center of the foreign trade of China. Total exports are roughly estimated at \$125,000,000 and imports at \$100,000,000. As a British colony on Chinese soil it is the most important in its political and defensive position, and is the headquarters of the military, naval and mercantile establishments. The population of Hongkong, the city, is about 275,000.

## Pacific Currents Changed.

New York shipping men were much interested in a cable dispatch which stated that the steamer Empress of China on arriving at Tokyo Sunday reported that considerable changes have taken place in Pacific Ocean currents. They regarded this as accounting for the stranding of so many steamers in the Pacific recently in the vicinity of the Hawaiian Islands. The steamers Manchuria and Mongolia and the Uni-

## TREPOFF IS DEAD.

Great Russian Reactionary Passes Away Suddenly.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

Gen. Trepoft, Russia's "evil genius," died at Peterhof Saturday, and it is announced that angina pectoris was the cause, although there have been rumors that he was poisoned.

Gen. Trepoft, whose name was indelibly linked with reaction and suppression of Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses, in Russian history just at the time when conditions were more promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into the paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction, after Nicholas II. had issued his famous manifesto, in the fall of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court plotters, who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the Emperor's ear.

Trepoft's life was many times attempted, but he always escaped. When the Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated, he was named governor general of Moscow. Later Trepoft was summoned to St. Petersburg and given the command of the Imperial Guards and made governor general of the city.

He took up his residence in the winter palace and became in fact, if not in name, dictator of Russia. Anarchy prevailed when he arrived. An uprising on a large scale was momentarily expected. Thousands had fled the city. But, with Trepoft in the saddle, the aspect of affairs changed. Troops filled the streets and dead walls were placarded with notices that the slightest disorder would be suppressed without mercy. Under his iron hand the city became quiet.

During those trying weeks plot after plot to kill him was discovered and frustrated. Two of his own nieces were involved in the conspiracy. But in his dungeon-like room in the center of the palace, where no bomb could reach him, save by shattering a dozen walls, with the telephone constantly at his side, he issued orders and received reports.

The Emperor was made to believe Trepoft alone was capable of safeguarding the lives of himself and the imperial fam-

ily. And so, with the press howling at his heels, he retired to the Czar's palace to become master. Here, in a more congenial atmosphere, he took the direction of the campaign for the restoration of the old order of things. In all, six actual attempts on the life of Gen. Trepoft have been made within the last three years.

## THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1490—Vasco de Gama returned to Lisbon from his voyage of discovery.

1515—French victorious at battle of Marignano, Italy.

1600—Henry Hudson began his voyage up the river which bears his name.

1615—Lady Arabella Stuart, victim of the jealousy of James I., died in the Tower.

1683—Turkish army routed before Vienna by allies under command of John Sobieski and Duke of Lorraine.

1733—First playhouse opened in New York City, located in Nassau street.

1750—Gen. Wolfe killed in assault on Quebec.

1770—New York City captured by the British. . . . Washington and his army entered Philadelphia after the defeat at Brandywine.

1777—Stars and Stripes first carried into battle at battle of the Brandywine. . . . Burgoyne crossed the Hudson and encamped on Saratoga heights.

1795—Capt. Vancouver returned from his four years' voyage of discovery.

1804—Aaron Burr and his second arrived at St. Simons, Ga., on visit to Gen. Butler. . . . Troops ordered out to quell riot among oyster strikers at Amboy, N. B.

1812—Gen. Harrison compelled the Indians to raise the siege of Fort Wayne.

1814—Americans and British engage in battle of Plattsburg and Lake Champlain. . . . British repulsed in attack on Fort Bowyer, at entrance to Mobile bay. . . . Successful sortie made from Fort Erie. Gen. Drummond retired to Fort George.

1820—Gold fever which had struck the Carolinas extended to Georgia. . . . Spanish army surrendered to the Mexicans under Santa Anna at Tampico.

1831—Albany and Schenectady railroad, first in State of New York, opened to traffic.

1837—American army, in command of Gen. Scott, entered City of Mexico.

1



